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WEST LIBERTY, MORGAN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1936

WHOLE NUMBER 1353

LOCAL NEWS

W. B. Reed of Salyersville was in town yesterday.

Clyde Caskey, a C.C.C. boy, is here visiting home folks.

Mrs. Roscoe Brong made a business trip to Salyersville yesterday.

The hardest tumble a man can take is to fall over his own bluff.

Cannel coal of very fine quality from Elkfork is being trucked here.

Boyd Brown of Yocum was a business visitor in town Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Kenneth Fairchild of Pomp was in town Wednesday morning on business.

Mrs. Lou Cox and family moved yesterday to rooms in the Henry Carr Rose residence.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Byars moved Tuesday to rooms in the Herbert Fannin residence.

B. T. Morris of Caney was a business visitor at the Courier office on Friday of last week.

Mrs. Noah Elam and children, of Index, spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Wells.

Mrs. Cecil Henry of Mt. Sterling was the Sunday night guest of Miss Lilla Perry on South Water street.

Mrs. Emmitt Adams of Wells Hill is spending this week with her mother and other relatives in Magoffin county.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Blanton are taking care of the jail in the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Prentice Nickell.

FOR SALE: 600 acres of land and timber known as the Rube woods. See Mrs. Vivian K. Salyer, West Liberty, Ky.

A smutty story is not good nourishment for the mind, but it does not sap character any quicker than the good old parlor custom of coal-raking personalities.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Carter have moved into their new home. They bought one of Lee Bayes' lots and built a beautiful bungalow of which they can feel proud.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Craft have gone to housekeeping in the Jack Arnett residence, occupying rooms recently vacated when Mr. and Mrs. John Davis moved to Middletown, O.

The Missionary society of the Baptist church met Tuesday night at the home of the pastor. The members had their regular monthly program and arranged for an all day prayer service on Friday of next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Spence of Buffalo, N. Y., came in Sunday for a two weeks' visit with Mr. Spence's mother, Mrs. Rosa McKenzie, and family. They all made a trip to Paintsville on Tuesday and to Riffe Spring yesterday.

Mrs. Prentice Nickell, who was very sick last week, became worse Sunday. On Monday morning she was taken to a hospital at Louisville, her husband and oldest daughter going with her. They have not returned, but report that Mrs. Nickell is getting along very well.

Why Caps, Gowns Are Worn
The medieval universities were maintained by clerics, and the forms of caps, gowns and hoods were really the medieval forms of clothing retained and made regulation for the clergy when the lay community changed to more modern dress. Caps were a necessity in the cold churches; capes and capes with hoods attached were needed for warmth, and the hood was selected by the university men as the article to be made distinctive for the various degrees by color, trimming and lining.

Why We Yawn
Yawning may have various causes such as weariness, inclination to sleep, intense absorption causing an involuntary interruption of full breathing, etc. Sometimes it is the result of imitation of others who are yawning. Except in the latter case it is supposed to be due to deficient oxygenation of the blood.

MAINE IS STILL REPUBLICAN

The Maine election held Monday of this week resulted in a clean sweep of all Republican candidates over their Democratic opponents, but by smaller majorities than usual in the past. The state elected a Democratic governor in 1932, but in the following November election it was one of the six states carried by Hoover.

Since the Civil war Maine never has gone Democratic in a presidential election with a single exception, and that was in 1912, when Theodore Roosevelt and Wm. H. Taft split the Republican vote.

The perennial campaign slogan of Republican politicians that "as Maine goes, so goes the nation" has perhaps some truth in it when applied according to the record of past elections. Usually, in the past, in national election years, when the Republican majority in Maine in September has exceeded 25,000, the nation has been carried by the Republicans the following November. When the Maine Republican majority in September has dropped under 25,000, the Democrats have always carried the nation in the presidential election.

Opinions will differ as to just what this record means with regard to the election just held. In the senatorial race the Republican majority was only a little over 5,000; but in the governor's race the Republicans won by nearly 40,000 votes.

FANNIN - BURTON

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Burton told their neighbors Friday that they were entertaining the bride and groom. So well had the young people kept their secret that one had to ask, "and who is the bride and groom?" Of course they proudly answered, "Miss Olive Fannin and our son Graham."

It must be because Mrs. Burton is such an adorable mother—so splendid, understanding, and helpful—that she is so fortunate in her daughters-in-law.

The bride, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fannin, is one of West Liberty's fine young ladies. She is a graduate of the Morgan county high school and attended Morehead state teachers' college. She is one of Morgan county's efficient teachers, teaching this year the Fannin school. The groom attended our high school. He was one of our home visitors in the relief work and is now at home driving for his doctor father and mother in their large practice together.

The young couple drove to Vico in July and were married, none of their young friends being the wiser until the groom's mother could no longer be silent. They have started building a nice little cottage on the lot between Dr. Burton's and Floyd Arnett's residences. A host of friends wish them a long, happy, and useful career.

Why Boiler Cover Saves Heat

The object in covering the boiler and piping of a heating system is to confine all heat generated until it has reached the point of distribution in the radiators without loss en route. Bare or uncovered piping allows a large percentage of heat (approximately 70 per cent) to escape before this point is reached. To make heating plants fully efficient all hot surfaces, which include supply and return piping and boilers, should be covered. "For hot water, low or medium steam pressure, three-ply (three-quarter-inch thick) or four-ply (one inch thick) asbestos air cell covering is practical and inexpensive.

Why Small Knife Is Penknife

The name penknife is a holdover from the days when steel pens were unknown. The original penknife was a small knife carried in the pocket for the purpose of making and mending quill pens. It was once customary for each person to cut his own pens as he needed them. Now almost any kind of small pocketknife is called a penknife. The term penknife was used as early as the middle of the fifteenth century. At that time it referred to a blade that fitted into a sheath. It was not until much later that penknives were made with jointed blades fitting inside a handle.

Why Homes Lose Heat

Whenever an excessive amount of fuel is required to keep a home properly heated it is the usual thing to blame the walls but they are responsible for only about 20 per cent of the heat loss. Windows and doors are the greatest heat thieves in the average 25 by 35 foot 1½ story house or in any other where they occupy around 25 per cent of the total wall space. In homes of the above dimensions about 30 per cent of the total heat loss is through floors and roof, 25 per cent through doors and windows and 15 per cent through cracks and crevices.

What Local Option Means

Several reports have been circulated around Augusta as to just what this local option election means. We are giving this information, so there can be no room for doubt in the mind of anyone.

Local option becomes effective 60 days after the date of the entry of the certificate of the election commission in the order book of the county clerk.

After effective, the local option law provides in part as follows:

Licenses, paid by dealers, shall be refunded by state, county, or city, for such part paid in advance after law is enforced.

After effective it will be unlawful

to sell, transport, to solicit or receive contracts for liquor orders. Also unlawful to advertise liquor in said county by distribution of posters or handbills.

Any person renting, letting or lending, leasing, or permitting the use of a building, house, or automobile, or other vehicle or animal, to store or haul liquor may be fined from \$20 to \$2,000 for private citizen or corporation, and said property or automobile confiscated, and sold by the sheriff in the same manner of sales under execution.

It will be the duty of peace officers to seize at once said auto or building and liquor found therein.—Bracken Chronicle.

BOB JONES' COMMENTS

This article is being dictated in the midst of the opening of the 1936-37 year at the Bob Jones college. The writer, as president of the institution, feels keenly his responsibility. Students are in the college from practically all states in the union and from several foreign lands. Every student is precious to someone. Back of most of them are the prayers and love of Christian parents. It is a great responsibility to run a college. Every educational institution should, up to the limit of its ability, take the place of mother and father in the protecting care which it throws about young people.

A few days ago, a father and mother came to the writer's office to see about enrolling their baby son in the college. "We have another boy," the mother said. "He is a settled man now. We sent him off to a certain school feeling that the institution was Christian. Our boy came home not only with his faith shattered, but he came home a drunkard." I happen to remember that the institution to which she referred is one of the schools to which, years ago, when the writer was a struggling young minister, he made a contribution after being assured by the field representative that the college was Christian and would be true to the Bible and the fundamentals of the Christian faith.

The writer is loyal to our religious denominations. He has put more people in the churches than anybody his age in America. It is a source of great regret to him to know from personal experience that there are denominational educational institutions which call themselves Christian which are not Christian in any real sense of the word. Of course, there are a number of outstanding, real Christian colleges. The Christian people of this nation should patronize these genuine Christian institutions and should not sacrifice the moral and spiritual welfare of their children on the altar of a false denominational loyalty.

Indians Liked Boone

The famous Daniel Boone was once taken prisoner by the Indians, but they liked him so well that the chief adopted him as his son with the name of Big Turtle.

VACANCIES FOR MUSICIANS

Major J. M. Tildley, U. S. marine corps, officer in charge of the Macon recruiting district, municipal auditorium, Macon, Georgia, announces that authorization has been received to enlist musicians who can read music and play by note any one or more of the following instruments: flute, piccolo, trumpet, trap drum, trombone, banjo, cornet, violin, bass drum, and piano.

Applicants who can fulfill all requirements will be enlisted as privates for general service and will be transferred to the recruit depot at Parris Island, S. C., for training. Upon completion of training they will be assigned to the band school at Quantico, Virginia, for a course of instruction. Upon completion of this course they will be detailed to the various post bands (abroad and within the United States) where vacancies exist. The usual age limits for enlistment are 18 to 25, but the age limit may be extended to 30 years in the case of specially qualified musicians.

All applicants must be single, without dependents, and must pass the usual rigid physical examination for enlistment in the marine corps.

Major Tildley states that in addition to the musicians, he will enlist young men between 17 and 18 years of age for duty as buglers and men between 18 and 25 years for regular marine corps duties.

Full information and application blanks may be obtained by communicating with Marine Corps Recruiting Station, Municipal Auditorium, Macon, Georgia.

A PUBLIC MENACE

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 12 (AP)—Governor George H. Earle said Col. Frank Knox, Republican vice-presidential candidate, was campaigning "to spread the gospel of fear" and to "deliberately and maliciously attempt to provoke a financial panic."

Quoting Knox as saying, "today no life insurance policy is secure; no savings account is safe," Earle told a Democratic rally last night, "if Col. Knox is going to go up and down our 48 states encouraging bank runs, he is a public menace."

The desire to keep up with the Joneses has caused plenty of trouble.

REFUNDS TO MERCHANTS

Some time ago the courts held unconstitutional the graduated gross sales tax law of 1930, which was aimed at the chain stores, but under which all merchants and dealers paid small sums in to the state for several years.

The general assembly, in a recent session, endeavored to pass a resolution providing for the refund of such taxes, but the state auditor rules that refunds cannot be made unless suits are filed.

There may be warrant in law for the auditor's ruling, but it seems to us to work a hardship on the merchants. The state, according to the ruling of the courts, collected the taxes in error. The state holds the merchants' money, and it is the duty of the state to repay that money and to repay it promptly. The money does not belong to the state; it belongs to the merchants, and it should be restored to them without the cumbersome and expensive necessity of instituting suit.

Most of the sums are small, and would hardly justify the expense of employing an attorney or the necessity of a trip to Frankfort if such would be required. But be that as it may, the state treasury is, and has been, in the possession of money it has no right to hold, and it is the duty of the state, as promptly as possible, to divest itself of those funds, and to make restitution to those who have been wrongfully required to pay them in.

It comes in poor grace for the state, which has tax ferrets combing the counties for neglect or violations of its tax laws, frequently imposing severe penalties upon property owners, to subject these same property owners to the inconvenience and expense of bringing a law suit to recover from the state what the highest courts have held is their own money.—Elizabethtown News.

FACES SUIT

Frank M. Knox, Republican candidate for vice president, has been threatened with a suit in court by the state banking commissioner of Pennsylvania.

In a campaign speech at Allentown, Pa., Mr. Knox, in speaking of the country's finances, said: "No life insurance policy is secure; no savings account is safe."

In the days when money interests were the first concern of the legislators in the Keystone state, there was enacted an act of assembly providing a penalty of \$5,000 fine and a jail sentence of five years for anyone "spreading false reports about banks and financial institutions."

The state banking commissioner is a Democrat and has cited the act of a Republican assembly to Mr. Knox and asked him to retract the statement made at Allentown or take the consequences. The commissioner is not bluffing and has set the definite date of Sept. 22 as the limit of his endurance.

ELAM REUNION

The seventh annual Elam family reunion was held Sunday, Sept. 13, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Elam at Cottle. Approximately 150 relatives enjoyed a bountiful picnic lunch which was served on the lawn. A brief history of the Elam family was related by S. S. Elam of Lexington. Judge A. N. Cisco of Ashland and Floyd Arnett of West Liberty each gave a brief address.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: chairman, E. E. Elam; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Earl Long. The 1937 Elam reunion will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Elam at Clearfield.

Graduates as Truck Driver

Johnny B. McKenzie, son of Mrs. Rosa McKenzie, enlisted in the C.C.C. some months ago and was stationed in a camp in Oregon. In August the government opened a school at Medford, Oregon, for the development of army truck drivers. Nine C.C.C. boys, one from each of nine companies, have been graduated and will receive diplomas. Among them was Johnny B. McKenzie. His many relatives and friends here will rejoice in his opportunity and accomplishment.

Bracken County Votes Dry

At a local option election held in Bracken county last week, the citizens of that county voted against the legal sale of liquor. The county seat of the county voted for liquor by a majority of 281 votes, but the country precinct voters wiped out this majority and led in the final count by 34 votes. The law will become effective after 60 days.

P.T.A. MEETS

There was a splendid attendance of parents at the first meeting of the Parent-Teachers association for the new school year, Monday night, Sept. 14. Several teachers were absent. The meeting was held in the old building.

The new president, Mrs. C. K. Stacy, called to order, and Mrs. Baldwin led in singing "Follow the Glean." Rev. Harold Murphy read the 37th Psalm and offered prayer.

After the reading and adoption of the minutes of the closing meeting of last year, the president announced that the secretary-elect was unable to serve. Mrs. Nancy Turner was then elected secretary.

The president appointed the following committees: finance, Floris Cox, Lena McClure, Maurine McClure, Mildred Whitt, Mrs. Edna Burton, Mrs. W. A. Caskey, and Ova O. Haney; program, Mrs. T. H. Caskey, Mrs. D. R. Keeton, Mrs. Blaine Nickell, publicity, Mrs. F. S. Brong, W. O. Pelfrey, Mrs. Nancy Turner; hospitality, Miss Josephine McGuire, Mrs. J. L. Blair, Mrs. R. A. Baldwin, Mrs. A. P. Gullett, Mrs. H. C. Rose Jr., and Mrs. Winfred L. Carpenter; membership, Mrs. Ova Black, Mrs. Earl Price, Mrs. Yandal Wrather, Mrs. Claude Wells, Mrs. Nancy Turner, Mrs. Walter Davis, and Mrs. Curt Lacy.

Supt. Haney reported that he had been offered a certain for the new auditorium, quality same as the one agreed upon, with a saving of \$300 to the P.T.A. The present committee, which holds over, was asked to investigate and report.

The treasurer reported \$193.86 on hand and most of it already in the bank.

An old telephone bill was ordered paid. W. O. Pelfrey, Mrs. F. S. Brong, and Mrs. T. H. Caskey were appointed a committee to confer with the telephone company and get a price for telephone in the school building during the school year.

After some good natured discussion it was decided to have a membership race between the men and women, the campaign to close and the captains to report at the October meeting. The president appointed Miss Lena McClure and Wendell Nickell as captains.

The president introduced the new teachers and the new Methodist pastor who has just moved in: Miss Lena McClure, Miss Maurine McClure, Miss Nell Taulbee, Mrs. Irene Murphy, Wendell Nickell, and Rev. Neikirk. Each one responded with a few words of appreciation. The old teachers present were Mrs. R. A. Baldwin, Miss Ethel Mae Keeton, Mrs. Edna Burton, and Mrs. Nancy Turner. Vice President W. O. Pelfrey and B. E. Whitt, supervising teacher of the county, made a few remarks.

EROSION

Here is a sloping cellar door. Take a watering can and sprinkle a quart of water on the top of the door. Measure the amount which slides off. Except for a little evaporation, the whole quart will be at the bottom, and it gets there almost instantly. Now take a piece of thick carpet on the door; to cement it on would be still better. Fill the can and pour a quart of water on the top of the carpet. Your measuring trough at the bottom will be lucky if it receives the merest trickle to begin with. Observe that the trickle continues to come for a long time, as the water slowly infiltrates thru the mat.

This is the story of erosion in its simplest form. The cellar door is any land with a slope; the canful of water is rainfall; the bare boards are bare fields, or fields cultivated between the crop rows with the rows running parallel to the slope; the carpet is natural cover, either grass or forest.—Stuart Chase in Atlantic Monthly.

C. S. ROSE BADLY WOUNDED

According to reports verified by Sheriff W. H. Stacy, C. S. Rose of Pomp was shot in the head at his home Saturday by one of his sons after coming home under the influence of liquor and after he had quarreled with the boys and was abusive to his wife, who tried to interfere between the boys and their father.

The shooting was done with a 22 caliber rifle and the bullet was located in the brain substance by an X-ray examination at Mt. Sterling. The wound is very serious and it will be only on account of Mr. Rose's fine physical condition and determination to live if it does not prove fatal.



How ARE YOU TODAY

Dr. James W. Barton
TALKS ABOUT

Underweight Versus Youth.
I WRITE so often about the danger to health and physical fitness of overweight that it is possible that some may be of the opinion that overweight is harmful at any age.

As a matter of fact your physician and life insurance companies would rather have you overweight than underweight in childhood, youth, and in the young adult (under 30) age. This is because their experience and the recorded results with insurance companies show that overweight persons are generally stronger than underweights, and fight them better when attacked.

I have mentioned before the statement of Dr. H. A. Tredgold in *Annals of Tropical Medicine* who says that efficiency in air men is the ability to endure severe mental and physical stress together with a high resistance to disease. As regards heart and vitality generally, his conclusions are that the person who is underweight is usually of poor physique, is not as a rule efficient in athletics, tends to have a small heart, a more rapid pulse and a smaller lung capacity. However a young adult, although underweight, may be physically efficient, but he usually has a normal pulse rate, good chest expansion, and a good family history.

Fat Persons Efficient.

The relationship between the body build and the strength and ability of the body to do its work shows that the more efficient men are found amongst those that are overweight in comparison with the average for the age and height. That this is true is shown by the figures of those discharged from the air service due to illness, which is common amongst underweight individuals. Underweight always carries a greater tendency to infectious disease, and for this reason, more illness.

We can thus see that while overweight is a liability in those past thirty years of age, so also is underweight a liability before thirty. And just as overweights should reduce weight because of the tendency to diabetes, the danger during an operation, the tendency to high blood pressure, and poor resistance to disease, so should the underweight try to attain average weight at least for the above mentioned reasons.

While there are some thin individuals—the strong, wiry type—who seem able to do their part as well as those of average weight or overweight, the average underweight has a poor build or physique, round shoulders, narrow chest, soft muscles, protruding abdomen and tires easily.

Some of the causes of the underweight are poor food, rapid eating, faulty position standing or sitting thus interfering with action of heart, lungs and digestion, infected teeth or tonsils which sap energy, not enough sleep, eating between meals, eating food with low fuel or food value.

The thought then in trying to build up a youngster, youth, or young adult is not to think of nourishing food only but of all the above or other causes for the underweight.

Cultivate Health Habits.
A thorough examination by doctor and dentist, the establishing of good habits of rest, sleep and intestinal habit, outdoor exercise to develop a natural appetite, must all be considered in the treatment.

Naturally as the amount or kind of food that has been eaten has not been sufficient to build up the body even to an average weight, rich nourishing foods must now be eaten.

The amount of increase should be at least one-quarter to one-third more than at present. This may and often does mean eating more food than the individual feels he can eat, but must be eaten even if it gives him a feeling of being overfull.

The type or kind of food to eat must be of high fuel or food value such as eggs, meats, cream, salads, bread, potatoes, butter, cheese, jam, cocoa, sugar, peas, beans, custards, puddings, chocolate, honey, sardines, sardines, nuts, dried fruits (dates, figs, currants), bananas, oranges.

Naturally any of the above foods which the individual dislikes should be left out of the diet to avoid indigestion and also the dislike for any increased amount of food. Foods that he likes such as butter, cream, or salad, might be taken in extra amounts or double portions.

—WNU Service.

what Irvin S. Cobb thinks about:

Camels and Communists

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ.—There's nothing new about the fable. The only novelty is in the moral. One night a camel came and begged to be allowed to poke his cold nose inside an Arab's tent. So the Arab, being a good-hearted Arab, says yes. Pretty soon the camel claimed his ears were chilly and could he shove in as far as his ears? And the Arab said that was O. K.

Next the camel got permission to put his neck in out of the weather, and, after that, his forelegs and then his front hump, closely followed by his rear hump, and finally his hindquarters. When morning came the camel was inside the tent, completely filling it, and the Arab had been crowded outside and there he was—poor shivering wretch, as homeless as a ha't.

Moral—Every time I hear of an imported Communist smuggling himself into our midst, I think of a cold-nosed camel.

—Irvin Cobb

Holding the Bag.

UP TO now our government has declined all invitations to jump into the Italian-German-French-Russian-British snarl, but watch for an effort to induce America to join in when the time comes for dividing up control over poor old Spain's ports, islands and remaining colonial possessions. Not that we'd want anything out of the grab-bag and not that they'd give us anything. They'd merely expect us to hold the bag afterwards, which would make two bags in all—this little new one and the big one we've been holding ever since 1918.

—Irvin Cobb

Traveler's Homecoming.

CALIFORNIA travel bureaus report an increase of incoming tourists. But then again, on the other hand, part of it may be due to returning residents who went hurriedly away when the papers started printing a certain romantic diary. If your sins do not always find you out, at least they frequently find you getting out. It's all over now and peace and quiet have been restored to our home circles, but at the height of the rush one involuntarily was reminded of the ancient story of the Frenchman who bet with his friend he could prove every man, however outwardly pure, had a dreaded secret in his life. So, to test it, he sent to each of the ten most respected notables in Paris an anonymous telegram reading as follows: "All is discovered. Flee at once." And next morning nine of them were gone and the tenth had committed suicide.

—Irvin Cobb

"Backward" British Justice.

ENGLISH news-reef producers have been fined \$10,000—and that's important money in any language—for titling a film "An Attempt on the King's Life." Mind you, they weren't punished for any injury this title might do his majesty. Incredible though it sounds to us, the charge was: "Contempt of court for prejudicing the case against McMahon (the man who tried to shoot King Edward) before he was brought to trial."

For contrast, take a not altogether forgotten criminal case. Possibly you may remember a certain murderer's trial and what sort of publicity went before it, and what actually occurred whilst 'twas being held, and what the aftermath has been, with attorneys and key-witnesses and—yes—actually some of the jurors peddling their private views for public consumption; and the governor of a great state displaying curious and violent activities, even when the verdict had been called a fair one by the high courts?

Backward race, these Brits, trying people by the evidence and not by the newspapers and the moving-picture cameras.

—Irvin S. Cobb

A Gentleman's Dinner.

BACK EAST, a distinguished continental chef rises up to outline the American gentleman's ideal dinner. He names eight courses, which is too many, and no domestic flavor about any part of it. In rebuttal, I crave to offer a menu of all native products. First, Lynnhaven oysters on the half shell, with western celery and ripe olives. Second, terrapin stew. Third, rice-fed canvasback duck, with lye hominy and a baked wine-sap apple. Fourth, one very small slice of hickory-and-sassafras-cured razor-back ham with watercress salad, soured in a plain oil and vinegar dressing. Fifth, toasted southern beaten biscuit and a mere morsel of old-fashioned country rat cheese—preferably from Herkimer county, New York.

—Irvin S. Cobb

—Western Newspaper Union.

A Little Bit Humorous

TWO PLUS THREE

Arthur, who was five years old, was being drilled in simple arithmetic by his teacher, who said: "If I put five sweets in your hand and you eat two of them, how many would you have then?" "Five," replied Arthur. "But," said the teacher, "how can that be true when you have eaten two?" "Sure," replied Arthur. "Two on the inside and three on the outside." —Lewiston Journal.

TURN OVER

"A fellow threatened today to put me to sleep." "I am glad that he didn't do it, you do snore so."

Over His Head

It was one of the early matches of the season, on the ground on which the grass was, if anything, a little too plentiful. The diminutive but self-important referee had been giving little satisfaction. A number of somewhat inexplicable decisions had been rendered patiently, when, finally, a voice inquired in very penetrating accents: "Why don't they cut the grass so that the referee can see the game?"

Woman's Intuition

"My dear," remarked Jones, who had just finished reading a book on "The Wonders of Nature," "this is really a remarkable book. Nature is marvelous! Stupendous! When I read a book like this, it makes me think how puerile, how insignificant man is." "Huh!" smiled his better half. "A woman doesn't have to wade through 400 pages of a book to discover that!" —Santa Fe Magazine.

Don't Stop

"Let me kiss those tears away, sweetheart," Jimmie begged, tenderly. She fell into his arms and he was very busy for some moments. But the tears flowed on. "Can nothing stop them?" he asked breathlessly. "No," said Frances; "it's hay fever; but go on with the treatment." —Pathfinder Magazine.

Starting Young

The teacher was testing the knowledge of a kindergarten class. Clapping a half-dollar on the desk, she said sharply: "What is that?" Instantly, a voice from the back row: "Tails."

A Real Reformatory

Mother—You good for nothing! Why not take a pattern from your father? Son—What has he done? Mother—Why he has just got two years off his sentence for good conduct.

SOME IDEA

"What's your idea of bliss, Bill?" "Plenty of worms, and no air rifles!"

A Familiar Noise With Him

Bachelor—Are you ever troubled with roaring in your ears at night? Daddy—Well, I should say so! But if it gets too bad, I get up and walk the floor with him till he quiets down.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

Startled

"I turned the way I signalled," said the lady, indignantly, after the crash. "I know it," retorted the man, "That's what fooled me."

Diffidence

"Have you ever thought of making a campaign speeches?" "No," answered Miss Cayenne. "I haven't had enough luck charming men one at a time to think of trying to make a hit with a crowd."

On His Way

"Oh, Mr. Policeman, a man has been following me." "Are you sure he was following you?" "Yes, I went back two or three times to see if he was coming."

Shirtwaister for School Girl



is available for sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16. Size 12 requires two and three-eighths yards of 35-inch material with one-third yard of 35-inch contrasting material and one yard of ribbon for bow. With long sleeves it requires two and five-eighths yards.

Send for the Barbara Bell Fall Pattern Book containing 100 well-planned, easy-to-make patterns. Exclusive fashions for children, young women, and matrons. Send 15 cents for your copy.

Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., 367 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill. © Bell Syndicate—WNU Service.

OF INTEREST TO THE HOUSEWIFE

A damp cloth dipped in baking soda will remove tea and coffee stains from china cups.

In pressing never put an iron on the right side of any goods except cotton. Always lay a cloth between the iron and the goods.

Never prune climbing roses in the fall. Cut out all dead canes but wait until next spring before cutting out dead shoots.

To clean glass in oven doors rub over with vinegar then wash with soap and water.

Pull out old stalks in your vegetable garden as soon as the crop has been picked. This will make the cleaning up of the garden later much easier.

If a thick cloth is placed at the bottom of a pan or bowl in which delicate china or glass is being washed the danger of chipping will be lessened. This will also prevent silver from being scratched.

Order hyacinth, tulip, narcissus, snowdrop and crocus bulbs now. In preparing beds for these bulbs mix bonemeal liberally into the soil, but never permit manure to come in contact with the bulbs. They should be surrounded only by soil or sand.

—Associated Newspapers—WNU Service.

Foreign Words and Phrases

Ad rem (L.) To the thing; to the point.

A vinculo matrimonii. (L.) From the marriage bond.

Bruler ses vaisseaux. (F.) To burn one's ships.

Cherchez la femme. (F.) Look for the woman; a woman is usually at the bottom of a scandal.

Filius terrae. (L.) A son of the soil.

Zeitgeist. (G.) The spirit of the times.

Deo gratias. (L.) God be thanked.

Cui bono? (L.) For whose advantage? Of what use? Colloquially, but inaccurately, what good will it do?

Laissez faire. (F.) Let matters alone; the policy of non-interference.

—WNU Service.

Red for South

Among the Pueblo Indians in the Southwest, the four cardinal colors—yellow, green, red and white—are associated with the points north, west, south and east, respectively.



MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Quick, Safe Relief For Eyes Irritated By Exposure To Sun, Wind and Dust.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

AGENTS

DISTRIBUTOR WANTED in every county. Real money maker. Eliminates chance of head on wheels. Send \$1.25 for sample. Fully guaranteed. Every car owner needs one. ADAMS SALES CO., 316 S. Audubon Road, Indianapolis, Ind.

AGENTS. Fast selling auxiliary lubricant for tractors, trucks, automobile, airplanes, and launches. Send size for full size can. La Crosse Motor Oil Corp., La Crosse, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS

8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD. Grand Conlee Dam. Full Data. 20 Views with souvenir \$1. N. MFG. CO., Pottsville, Idaho.

BOYS AND GIRLS! JOIN MY JUNIOR G-MAN CORPS!

GET THESE SWELL FREE PRIZES!

Melvin Purvis will send you FREE his official Junior G-Man Badge, his big book that tells all about how to be a Junior G-Man, and a catalog of MANY OTHER FREE PRIZES! TO JOIN, simply send the coupon below, with two Post Toasties package tops (additional package tops for other prizes shown here).

MELVIN PURVIS Former Ace G-Man
who directed the capture of Dillinger, "Pretty Boy" Floyd, "Baby Face" Nelson, and other public enemies. Melvin Purvis has a down-to-earth plan for organizing his Junior G-Man Corps. FIRST, he wants to instill in boys and girls a proper respect for the forces of law and order, and to give them valuable training in becoming good citizens. SECOND, he wants boys and girls to have the grand and exciting good time he has planned for every member of the Junior G-Man Corps.

Autographed photo of Melvin Purvis. Picture is 8 x 10 inches, suitable for framing. Free for 2 Post Toasties package tops.

Boys' Badge (above right), Girls' Badge (above left). Both badges of polished gold-bronze design with satin-gold background, enameled in blue. Free for two Post Toasties package tops.

Official Whistle. Handsome nickel-silver finish. Gives a shrill, sharp blast. Free for 6 Post Toasties package tops.

Magnifying Glass. Has two-power magnification. Free for 6 Post Toasties package tops.

Pistol Flashlight. Powerful two-cell light, in replica of automatic pistol. Free for 24 Post Toasties package tops or 11 tops and 20¢.

Melvin Purvis Official Fingerprint Set. A complete outfit. Free for 9 package tops.

G-Man Squad Gun. Flashes sparks when fired! Absolutely harmless. Free for 69 Post Toasties package tops.

Identification Wallet with special identification card and your secret number. Simulated alligator skin. Free for 8 tops.

AND HERE'S A TIP-OFF ON A REAL BREAKFAST TREAT!

A POST CEREAL MADE BY GENERAL FOODS

Post Toasties

Corn Flakes

Ch. Post

THIS IS THE NEW POST TOASTIES PACKAGE. THERE ARE HICKORY HOUSE TOYS ON THE BACK OF EVERY BOX.

CLIP COUPON NOW!

Melvin Purvis, c/o Post Toasties, Battle Creek, Michigan

I enclose—Post Toasties package tops. Please send me the items checked below. Check whether boy () or girl (). Age () (Be sure to put proper postage on your letter.)

() Fingerprint Set (9 package tops) () Ring (4 package tops)

() Melvin Purvis photo (2 package tops)

() Flashlight Pistol (24 package tops or 11 tops and 20¢)

() Wallet (8 package tops) () Whistle (6 package tops)

() Key Ring (6 package tops) () Squad Gun (69 package tops)

() Magnifying Glass (6 package tops)

Name _____

Street _____

City _____ State _____

(Offer expires December 31, 1936. Good only in U.S.A.)

The Courier

Entered as second class matter, April 7, 1910, at the postoffice at West Liberty, Ky., under act of congress.

Subscription Price \$1.50 a Year
Always in Advance

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For President
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
For Vice President
JOHN N. GARNER
For United States Senator
M. M. LOGAN
For Congress
FRED M. VINSON
For Clerk of the Court of Appeals
CHARLES K. O'CONNELL

FARMERS' COLUMN

FARM PROGRAM

Farm supervisors are getting most of the farms checked that are under the A.C.P. With the information that is being gathered by the supervisors the soil building allowance and diversion requirements can be determined. As has been explained to the farmers of Morgan county, the payment that is to be made to the farmers who are taking part in the program is divided into two parts: diversion payment and soil building payment. In order for a farmer to get the full benefit of the program, certain qualifications must be met. Before a farmer can receive full diversion payment he must have an acreage of soil conserving crops on the farm equal to the acreage of diversion for which he will get payment. The above rules mean that a farmer must have conserving crops equal to 15 percent of the general soil depleting base plus 20 percent of the tobacco base in order to secure full diversion payment.

A letter is being prepared from the supervisor's report that will tell each farmer who has not met these requirements what he can do to qualify. October 1 is the closing date for qualifying on the diversion part of the payment.

Before a farmer can receive full soil building payment it will be necessary for him to spend on his farm between January 1, 1936, and October 31, 1936, his full soil building allowance in carrying out certain soil building practices as outlined in the program. Only that part of the soil building allowance that you earn will be paid. The soil building payment cannot be any larger than the soil building allowance.

A letter is being prepared from the supervisor's report that will tell each farmer who has not met requirements for full soil building payments about what his soil building allowance will be and what he has already earned, and also what he has yet to earn. October 31, 1936, is the closing date for qualifying for the soil building payment.

May we urge each farmer who is in the program to do all that can be done toward qualifying for these two payments.

Many farmers are taking advantage of this program by liming their farms. This is certainly a wise thing to do, as our land is certainly in need of lime. The farmer who limes his farm will be able to have pasture and hay that will maintain cattle and sheep at a profit to the farmer. Not until Morgan county gets alfalfa, red clover, lespedeza, and good pasture growing in abundance can Morgan county get very far in farming. These crops will insure more and better livestock, the thing that we must have if we expect to get very far in the agricultural world.

The two limiting factors in the production of alfalfa, red clover, lespedeza, and good pastures are lime and superphosphate fertilizer. This program offers the farmers of Morgan county a chance of getting lime and superphosphate put on their farms.

YANDAL WRATHER, Co. Agent

5,000-Bushel Crop

Fruit growers from eastern and central counties of Kentucky recently inspected the orchards of Dr. H. Van Antwerp in Rowan county, where they saw an apple crop estimated at 5,000 bushels. In addition to the size of the crop in a drouth year, the visitors noted that the apples had

been kept free from codling moth, scale, and blight.

A stationary spray outfit with a central pumping system is used, a 400-pound pressure forcing the spray material thru lines to all parts of the orchard. This system makes it possible to do in three days work which required eight days with a portable spray outfit.

The visitors also saw a modern, air cooled farm storage house with a capacity of 7,000 bushels. The crop will be stored in this house and sold at the roadside or to truck trade.

Speakers at the meeting included W. W. Magill, horticultural field agent for the university of Kentucky college of agriculture, and County Agent C. L. Goff of Rowan county.

Curing Tobacco

Since circulating air is one of the important factors in curing tobacco, barns should be so arranged as to permit the rapid change of air when needed, points out a circular of the university of Kentucky college of agriculture, called "Ventilation of Tobacco Barns."

Water constitutes the greater part of the tobacco plant when it is placed in the barn, and this water is evaporated from the surface of the leaves during the first stages of curing. Hence the importance of properly regulating the rate of drying.

If the leaf is dried too rapidly, it is killed prematurely, the curing is stopped, and the color of the leaf remains green. On the other hand, if drying is too slow, the curing process goes too far, the tobacco either turns a dark red color or, possibly, becomes houseburned. The rate of drying depends on the humidity of the air and its rate of movement thru the barn.

It is pointed out that water comprises 75 to 90 percent of the weight of green tobacco, and that an acre of tobacco yielding 1,500 pounds of cured leaf weighs 8 to 12 tons when cut.

To cure tobacco successfully, this large amount of water must be removed under such conditions and at such rate as best allow the other fundamental changes to occur.

Conservation Camp

Study of the conservation of wild life, forests, soils, and other natural resources constituted the program of Kentucky's first annual 4-H conservation camp, held for five days at the Louisville Boy Scouts grounds in Oldham county.

Fortytwo boys from 31 counties attended, representing all parts of the state. Instruction was given by members of the faculty of the university of Kentucky and R. J. Fleetwood and Roy M. Davis of the soil conservation service and H. B. Newland of the Kentucky state forestry service.

Of special interest were lectures on fish culture, given by George W. McCullough of Minneapolis, Minn. The camp was sponsored by Charles L. Horn, Minneapolis sportsman, and held under the direction of the 4-H club department of the Kentucky college of agriculture. Boys especially interested in the conservation of wild life and with good knowledge of fish, game, birds, trees, and soils were selected to attend.

BAPTIST CHURCH

Prayer meeting and song service at 7:30 every Thursday night.
Sunday school at 10 o'clock a.m.
Church services immediately after Sunday school and also at 7:30 p.m. every Sunday.

Lord's Supper the first Sunday night in each month.
Everybody is invited to attend these services, "Not forsaking the assembling of yourselves together."
ROSCO BRONG, Pastor

PUBLIC NOTICE

Commonwealth of Kentucky
Department of Highways
Division of Construction
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
Letting October 9, 1936

Sealed bids will be received by the Department of Highways at its office, Frankfort, Kentucky, until 10:00 A.M. on the 9th day of October, 1936, at which time bids will be publicly opened and read for the improvement of:

MORGAN COUNTY SP 29, the Cannel City-Index road, beginning at Cannel City and extending to Index, a distance of approximately 9.488 miles. Low type surfacing construction.

MINIMUM WAGE RATES APPLYING ON THIS PROJECT:
Skilled labor 40c per hour.
Unskilled labor 30c per hour.

The attention of prospective bidders is called to the prequalification requirements and necessity for securing certificate of eligibility.

Further information, bidding proposals, etc., will be furnished upon application to the Frankfort office.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
Dated at Frankfort, Kentucky
September 12, 1936.

BESS ALLEN
DRESS SHOP
LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR
LATEST STYLES - ALWAYS
West Liberty, Ky.

BANKERS WILL MEET IN ANNUAL COUNCIL

Business Men Also Invited to Present Their Views on Services of Banks to the Public

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Robert V. Fleming, President American Bankers Association, has announced that the organization's annual convention will be held at San Francisco, September 21-24, and its program will call in not only bankers but speakers from various lines of business to present their viewpoints and advice.

The plans for the convention discussions take into consideration the fact, he said, that one of the major problems of banking today is to develop its operations along lines that will create greater public understanding of its methods and services.

"It is my earnest conviction that such public understanding of banking is not only an essential defense against attacks from whatever source, but is also requisite to reestablishing it upon a firm and satisfactory basis of profitable operations," Mr. Fleming said.

General Improvement Cited

"The improvement in general conditions which is now taking place should be of material aid to bankers in carrying forward a constructive program for increasingly useful relationships between banking and business, as well as one of more helpful personal business services to all our people. Sound banking conducted in ways the public need and understand must be the aim of successful bank management."

"How can the banker make his operations and policies more understandable to the people of his community? How can better and broader financial services be soundly provided? How can banking improve its operating methods and income? These and many similar questions demand the earnest attention of all bankers. They call for a fresh counselling together and a new interchange of experience and advice among the members of our profession."

"With these thoughts in mind, we have built the convention program with the view of also calling into our councils speakers from various lines of business to give us their viewpoints and advice. I can say without reservation that this is to my mind one of the most crucial years in the evolution of American banking, and that we are passing through a period demanding, as never before, cooperation and mutual exchange of viewpoint among our members and others."

Radio Commencement Exercises

More than 200 widely separated chapters of the American Institute of Banking, the educational section of the American Bankers Association, held annually in September a simultaneous commencement exercise at which they listen to the speaker of the evening by radio. This is said to be the most extensive graduation ceremony held by any educational institution. The aggregate membership of the chapters, which are located in cities and towns throughout the United States, totals about 35,000 bank employees and officers. The graduates number each year more than 2,500, and total graduates are now over 25,000.

The Business Outlook

NEW YORK.—The natural forces of recovery have demonstrated their strength and have a momentum which may reasonably be expected to carry the country into new high ground, says "Banking," the publication of the American Bankers Association, in its August issue. The monetary stimulation following the distribution of bonus funds to the veterans has practically died away and is no longer an important business factor. A certain degree of uncertainty arising from the national political campaign is unavoidable, the magazine says.

Foreign Trade

The Commerce and Marine Commission of the American Bankers Association has made a report which shows that the foreign trade of the world for the year 1935 on the basis of its estimated physical volume was 78.9 per cent of the 1929 level. This was 2.1 per cent above the volume of 1934 and is the highest since 1929. The gold values of world trade were much lower due to the lower commodity prices in January, 1936. The combined index of 75 countries showed 35.7 per cent of the 1929 average.

National Bank Growth

Comptroller of the Currency O'Connor announced recently that total deposits of the 5,374 national banks in the United States on June 30, 1936, the date of the last call made for statements of condition, aggregated \$26,200,453,080. The figure is a new high record for national banks, exceeding by \$1,340,998,000, or 5.33%, the amount reported as of March 4, 1936, the previous high record. The current figures show also that deposits increased \$3,682,207,000, or 16.35%, over the amount reported as of June 29, 1935, the date of the corresponding call a year ago.

Pays to Terrace to Halt Erosion

Simple and Economical Way Described by an Expert in Engineering.

By E. W. Lehmann, Head Dept. of Agricultural Engineering, University of Illinois.—WNU Service.

By applying labor and power equal to that needed for one plowing, many farmers can halt erosion which is now costing them millions of dollars in loss of fertility, the washing away of valuable top soil and the slow destruction of their farms.

This estimate applies to the terracing of fields with moderate slopes and in good condition. Steeper slopes, gullies and other conditions naturally will increase the amount of labor and power needed for terracing.

The actual amount of cash needed for terracing depends upon how much of the labor and power is furnished by the farmer. Five farmers reported an average cost of \$2 an acre, one indicated that the cost was \$3 and 17 replied that their terraces had cost nothing, since they did their own work with homemade or borrowed equipment and teams.

Where the field has only a moderate slope and is free of bad gullies, rocks, stumps and depressions, terraces 15 inches high and 20 feet wide may be constructed at a cost of about \$1.50 an acre, according to United States Department of Agriculture, the cost may run as high as \$15 an acre not counting the cost of outlets.

Variation in the slope is one of the biggest factors in the cost of terracing on good land. Where the slope averages only 3 per cent the land can be adequately protected by about 200 feet of terraces, but a 6 per cent slope will call for about 450 feet of terraces to the acre.

Other factors entering into the cost include the kind of soil, type of machinery and power used, condition of the field as to stumps and gullies, prevalence of brush and the experience of the operator. However, terraces, like fences, may be considered a necessary evil on most farms. Fences protect the crops from live stock and terraces protect the soil from erosion. Even though a farm might be worth only \$10 an acre, the owner would be justified in spending considerable time and effort as well as some cash in terracing it, if the terraces would conserve the farm and make it possible for him to continue growing crops on the land. Terraces may not be justified on badly-gullied land except to protect building sites or roadways.

Woodlot Made Productive, Paying Perpetual Profit

Farmers may not be interested in perpetual motion, but they are interested in perpetual profit, says Robert B. Parmenter, extension forester at Massachusetts State college. By practicing stand improvement, wood lot owners can get money perpetually.

Parmenter pointed out several sure-fire methods of making the wood lot pay. First, by using horse sense when cutting the winter's supply of fuelwood.

Second, by logging with an eye for preserving the stand and by leaving something for another year.

Third, by making the trees furnish needed farm supplies such as wagon poles, wheelrims, everers, or fence posts.

Fourth, by growing and marketing Christmas trees. And fifth, by working the wood lot every winter.

The old cut-and-get-out basis, he said, is a quick way to lose good dollars. In contrast, stand improvement is economically sound and is bound to pay big dividends.

Oats for Pigs

Experiments indicate that oats are 60 to 75 per cent as efficient as corn for fattening pigs if they form about one-third of the ration and are ground or crushed. Hulling, it is said, does not pay. Oats alone or with a protein content concentrate are not as good feed as when fed with corn. Because oats are not as palatable as some grains, hogs will eat more than the necessary amount of protein supplement if they have access to it. For 90-pound hogs in dry lot two or three pounds of supplement is sufficient for a bushel of oats or half as much on pasture.—Missouri Farmer.

Corn Smut

Corn smut is a fungus and is carried over from one year to another on old stalks, on fodder, in manure and probably also in the soil. Since the disease is not seed borne, seed treatment is useless. The collection of the smutted ears and stalks before the spores are spread will help greatly to control the trouble if it can be done. The use of smut infected manure should be avoided, and the corn crop should be rotated so as not to occur on the same land oftener than once in three or more years.

Sleeping Sickness

During the winter, it is not likely that other horses will catch sleeping sickness from an animal that has recovered. In summer, such a thing might occur, but it is somewhat rare. So far as we know, cattle will not become infected from horses. The barn, of course, should be very carefully cleaned and disinfected before putting in healthy animals. Thorough cleaning, followed by scrubbing with hot water and lye, is about the best that can be done.

Master Commissioner's Sale

MORGAN CIRCUIT COURT, KY.
Grays Warehouse, Inc., Plaintiff
Vs. Boon Howard, Defendant
Notice of Sale

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Morgan circuit court, rendered at the August term, 1936, in the above styled cause, I will offer for sale at the front door of the court house in West Liberty, Kentucky, on Monday, the 28th day of September, 1936, at 1:30 o'clock p.m., or thereabouts, upon a credit of six months, the following described property: to wit, a certain tract of land lying near Wrigley, in Morgan county, Kentucky, adjoining the lands of I. P. Lewis and W. P. Lewis, the school house road.

And being the same land conveyed, or attempted to be conveyed, by Boon Howard to Virgil Howard, by deed dated Feb. 24, 1925, containing 275 acres, from which is excepted 60 acres sold to Andy Wadkins.

A more particular description by metes and bounds being set out in the pleadings herein and in the memorandum of lien filed in the clerk's office of the Morgan county court, to which reference is made for further description. The above description comprise tracts 1 and 2.

No. 3. A certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Morgan, state of Kentucky, and situated on the waters of North fork on Rockhouse branch, a tributary of Licking river, and bounded as follows: Beginning on a birch at the lower end of the Narrows, about the mouth of Rockhouse branch, it being the lower corner of part sold to A. S. Vincill, thence down North fork to a point in the creek where the back water line crossing creek near an old fence; thence with line of back water fork of Rockhouse to the beech and hickory corner stood at corner of yard where house now stands; thence to agree corner near the house; thence a S. E. course with the drain to John P. Lewis line; thence with said line and division fence to the county road, a corner of John P. Lewis' fence with the county, to the beginning corner.

Being the same land conveyed from Miles Smallwood and J. C. Smallwood to Boon Howard by deed bearing date Sept. 22, 1928, and of record in deed book no. 56 at page 219, Morgan county clerk's office.

The commissioner will first sell the tract set out above as having been conveyed to Virgil Howard, being tracts no. 1 and no. 2, in the above description, from which two tracts of land there is excepted 60 acres sold and conveyed to Andy Wadkins, or enough thereof to pay plaintiff's debt, interest, and costs, amounting to \$9,340.42 with interest from Feb. 17, 1930, and the costs of this action as taxed by the clerk; and if same does

not pay said debt, interest, and costs, he will next sell the tract set out above as having been conveyed to Charles Howard, or enough thereof to finish paying plaintiff's debt, interest, and costs.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond, bearing 6 percent interest from date, with approved security, for the purchase money.

This 8th day of September, 1936.
HARLEN MURPHY, M.C.M.C.C.

Master Commissioner's Sale

MORGAN CIRCUIT COURT, KY.
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, Plaintiff
Vs. Lula Stacy, etc., Defendant
Notice of Sale

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Morgan circuit court, rendered at the August term, 1936, in the above styled cause, I will offer for sale at the front door of the court house in West Liberty, Kentucky, on Monday, the 28th day of September, 1936, at one o'clock p.m., or thereabouts, upon a credit of six, twelve, and eighteen months, the following described property: to wit,

The following described property situated in Morgan county, Kentucky, together with the rents, issues, and profits therefrom: to wit, consisting of 93.5 acres, more or less. Situated eight miles south of West Liberty, on public passway one mile off the highway number 28, on waters of Benton branch of Big Caney creek, bounded as follows:

On the north by lands of Oaks heirs and G. L. Reed.

On the east by lands of S. L. Reed.

On the south by lands of Smith Adams.

On the west by lands of Curt Benton and Smith Adams.

Being the same land conveyed to M. F. Stacy and Lula Stacy, his wife, by John L. Lykins and Partite Lykins, his wife, by deed dated July 15, 1921, recorded in deed book 52, page 3; and by Jeff Adams and Rissie Adams, his wife, by deed dated October 29, 1921, recorded in deed book 51, page 400; and to Menifce Stacy by Ben Blevins by deed dated July 9, 1921, recorded in deed book 52, page 2; and by Sam L. Reed and wife, by deed dated March 15, 1929, and recorded in deed book 64, page 354, all of said deeds being of record in the Morgan county clerk's office.

This judgment was rendered in favor of Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation for the following sum of \$900.00 with interest at five percent from July 1, 1935, until paid, and the cost of this action.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond, bearing 6 percent interest from date, with approved security, for the purchase money.

This 8th day of September, 1936.
HARLEN MURPHY, M.C.M.C.C.
W. M. Gardner, Attorney.

BARGAINS

Ladies' Star Brand Dress Shoes, pair \$2.95
Cheaper Shoes, real good values, \$1 and up
Ladies' Fall Hats, latest styles, 95c
Ladies' Crepe Dresses, 95c to \$3.95
New line of Men's Fall Hats, \$2.95
Men's Dress Shirts, fade-proof, non-wilt collars, \$1.25 values for 95c.

Williams Department Store
ZELPHIA GRAHAM, Mgr. WEST LIBERTY, KY.

Vote

YES AGAINST LIQUOR

SEPTEMBER 29, 1936

LOCAL OPTION ELECTION

Are you in favor of adopting the local option law in Morgan County?

YES ☒

NO ☐

FLOYD ARNETT, President
W. O. PELFREY, Secretary
Sponsors Dry Forces, Morgan County.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL PAGE

(Under Auspices of Ova O. Haney, County Supt.)

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

Teachers are not to dismiss school for the fair until Friday. Please send all of your entries Thursday evening so that they can be checked in properly. We are requiring that these entries be made Thursday evening because it will take all day Friday to judge exhibits.

Exhibits will be arranged in an orderly manner Thursday evening and Thursday night, and a guard will be placed at the auditorium for protection. It would be advisable to send someone from the community with all the exhibits Thursday evening in order to comply with the rules and regulations. We are expecting and insisting that every school be represented at the big parade.

OVA O. HANEY,
Supt. Morgan County Schools.

SUPERVISORY DISTRICT NO. 1

The following schools were visited last week: Cane, Malone, Williams, White Oak, Spaw Creek, and War Creek.

The schools are getting ready to come to the fair. A splendid school spirit concerning interest in attending the fair is being displayed. We hope that it will be possible for all schools to attend the fair. The success of the fair will depend largely upon the attendance of the schools.

NELL BURTON, Helping Teacher

NEW EDUCATION HEAD

West Liberty, Ky., Sept. 14, 1936
Mr. Ova O. Haney,
Supt. Morgan County Schools,
West Liberty, Ky.

Dear Superintendent Haney:

I thank you for your recommendation to the Works Progress Administration for the position as supervisor of emergency education. I have received the appointment and am accepting the position.

I shall be very glad to continue as director of the helping teacher program without pay and give whatever spare time I can afford and cooperate every way possible in your program.

It has been a great pleasure to work with the teachers in a plan of supervision and I believe that they are doing splendid work. I am sure they will carry on the work and with the aid of the helping teachers the program will continue to succeed.

Yours very truly,
BERNARD E. WHITT

CONSOLATION SCHOOL

Our second month of school closed with a good attendance record. The students have been able to work better since the heat wave broke. The problem of carrying drinking water has also greatly been lessened.

We certainly appreciated the floor oil supplied to us by our superintendent. It has made our schoolroom a much nicer place in which to work.

The students in the fourth and fifth grades have been working on some health posters which look very nice since they have been finished. Some of the students in the seventh grade have been drawing some pictures which I think will make a very good showing for our school at the fair.

We have some very nice maps put up that have been sent with free material. We also have a good number of pamphlets and small booklets in our free material shelf. The children enjoy looking at and reading many of these booklets; they spend much of their spare time with them.

We enjoyed very much the last visit of our helping teacher, Mrs. Byrd. She taught us some songs which pleased all of us very much. We are looking forward to her next visit with us and hope she will help us some more with our singing.

We are planning to have a pie supper at our school Saturday night, Sept. 12. We hope everyone who can will come and bring a pie or bring the money to buy one. We plan to have contests to determine the prettiest girl and the ugliest man. You had better not miss this, because you can't tell who will win.

WOODFORD CECIL, Teacher

EXPRESS REGRETS

We, the helping teachers, regret very much the resignation of our supervisor, B. E. Whitt. We feel that our work will be difficult without his guidance and his leadership. His efforts have been untiring to make the supervisory program a success. We sincerely hope he will be happy in his new work.

MRS. CATHERINE BYRD,
EDITH WARD, NELL BURTON,
Helping Teachers.

PIE SUPPER

There will be a pie supper at the Hickory Grove school Thursday night, Sept. 24, 1936. Everybody is welcome to come. We are going to have music.

JAMES L. PEYTON, Teacher

CANNEL CITY P.T.A. MEETS

The first meeting of the Parent-Teachers association for the school year of 1936-37 was held at the Cannel City Union church Sept. 7, 1936. The meeting was opened by singing "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." The devotion was given by Herman Spencer, who read from the eleventh chapter of John.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The treasurer reported a balance on hand of \$4.57. The following officers were elected for the new year: president, Mrs. D. C. Burton; vice president, Mrs. G. W. Leslie; secretary, Miss Manilla Lacy; treasurer, Miss Oma Zornes.

Mrs. G. W. Leslie, president last year, thanked the members for their splendid cooperation and asked that they support the new president, Mrs. D. C. Burton. The new president then took charge of the meeting. She expressed a willingness to do all she could as president of the P.T.A. and asked the support of the members.

Thirty-five members were enrolled and \$3.50 collected for dues. The president appointed the following committees: membership, J. D. Benton, chairman, Mrs. Press Sebastian, Mrs. D. P. Peyton, Mrs. W. J. Terrell, Mrs. Louisa Brown, and Anderson Lacy; ways and means, Mrs. M. R. Raymond Benton, Mrs. G. W. Leslie, D. C. Burton, and Mrs. M. H. Ferguson; program, Mrs. Elizabeth Walker, chairman, Ova Ratliff, Manilla Lacy, and Emily Spencer; social, Mrs. Ova Ratliff, chairman, Mrs. Thos. Davis, and Thelma Benton.

Under a general discussion for immediate needs for the school, the principal asked for a printing outfit for the primary grades. D. C. Burton asked for a daily newspaper for the high school and weekly readers for the grades. It was voted that the funds be appropriated. Mr. Benton and Mr. Burton were asked to make orders for the materials and the treasurer was authorized to make payment for same. It was also voted that the P.T.A. sponsor a pie supper. The ways and means committee was asked by the president to set the date for the pie supper.

Rooms receiving the awards for the largest number of parents present were the fifth grade, Anderson Lacy, teacher, and the freshmen, Miss Anna Henry, teacher.

The social committee served candy during the social hour. The benediction was given by Rev. K. K. Spencer.

MRS. D. C. BURTON, President

EFFICIENCY REPORTS

From a check of the teachers' efficiency reports the following teachers have not missed a day of school: Eva Click, Dexter Evans, Lester Long, Curtis Henry, Woodrow Barber, Bert Ratliff, Ina Ratliff, Christine Lewis, Ira Smith, Henry Howard, James Peyton, Carl Ward, Daisy Brooks, Ray Cassidy, Kathryn Fannin, Edward Gevedon, Roxford Byrd, Elizabeth Elam, Lola Montgomery, Melba Fairchild, Iva Lewis, Lillian Murphy, Melba Fairchild, Prichard Caskey, R. B. Murphy, Woodford Cecil, Gladys Nickell, Opa McKenzie, Opal Elam, Garred Patrick, Arnold Brown, Harrison Holliday, Wardie Craft, Maxine Lacy, Edgar Hamilton, Curtis Elliott, Ed Cantrell, James Day, Mattie Williams, Ruie Cisco, Fred Blanton, Anos Johnson, Eunice Johnson, M. F. Holbrook, and Mrs. Hannah Maxey.

Parent-Teacher associations have been organized at Oak Hill, Blairs Mills, Grassy Lick, Stacy Fork, Malone, Cannel City, and Liberty Road, and a Home Makers' club at Pekin.

Most of the schools are very much interested in the fair and are making arrangements to participate.

Some of the teachers have failed to send in their efficiency reports. It is very necessary that these reports be sent in immediately. We wish to urge the teachers to send them in at once.

GRASSY LICK SCHOOL NEWS

We finished our second month of school Sept. 4, with our attendance high and grades slightly above normal. The patrons and pupils have made this possible by working with us. We have finished painting the overhead of our school building and will complete the walls this week.

The P.T.A. is doing good work in our school. It sponsored an ice cream supper here Saturday night which brought a total of \$17.17. A large crowd was there and all enjoyed the occasion. We take this means to express our appreciation to those who helped make this a success. We will announce later what will be done with the proceeds.

ROCKHOUSE SCHOOL

School is progressing nicely. Two months have passed and everyone is falling into the line of action. There is a great spirit back of the school which can make this our best school year.

Our school has secured most of the free books. The upper grades have obtained most of their books.

Much free material has been secured and we find it very interesting as it can be and is being used in connection with our regular school work.

We plan to give a play soon dealing with our national parks, playgrounds, and the preservation of our wild life. Much interest is being aroused in geography, government, history, and nature study.

We are always glad to have Miss Burton, our helping teacher, and hope she can visit us again soon.

A pie supper was held at our school last Friday night, Sept. 4. Proceeds amounted to \$22.50. The following teachers were present: Clinton McGuire and Robert Cassidy from the Crockett high school; Miss Lena McClure and Maurine McClure from West Liberty; Miss Nell Burton from Stacy Fork; Edgar Hamilton and Mrs. Orpha Hamilton from Logville; and Miss Eddyth Elam from Florence. The reading given by Miss Lena McClure, the speeches and words of greeting by the other teachers, and a talk by Miss Burton added much to the success of the program, and their presence was appreciated by all. We hope they can visit us again.

The money from our pie supper will be used to paint the inside of the schoolhouse and supply other equipment.

We are looking forward to the arrival of our volley ball outfit, which has been ordered.

Fifteen volumes have been added to our library. All the upper grades have supplied themselves with the Thorndike's Junior dictionaries. They are working wonders. I recommend them to any school. We get the Instructor, Kentucky School Journal, Licking Valley Courier, and My Weekly Readers, and hope to have a daily paper and other magazines soon.

If we had more seats and a good well, things would be much better with us, but we are trying to be patient.

Plans were made to have our county agent with us a short while past, but the rain prevented his arrival. We are still looking forward to his coming. With the large number of upper grade students much good can be accomplished.

Here's hoping for Morgan's best and most progressive school year.—Seventh grade class and Otis McGuire, teacher.

STACY FORK SCHOOL NEWS

Our school has been progressing nicely for the last two months. We have already had two successful P.T.A. meetings and wish to thank the parents for their splendid cooperation. We have completed our second month's examinations and our grades show that we are making wonderful improvement in our school work. We have been working faithfully on our Indian and colonial projects, which also add much to the improvement of our school work.

We are proud of our softball team this year. We played with Malone last Friday and won with a score of 17 to 2. We are planning to enter the tournament and hope to win.

We are anxiously looking forward to going to the fair and are expecting to win many of the contests. We are all willing to do anything that will go for the improvement of our school and sincerely hope that our efforts may be the seeds that will grow into worthy accomplishments.—Seventh grade language class.

SCHOOL FAIR

Friday, October 2

You will see thousands of Morgan county people on their road to the county fair. They will come horseback, walk, in wagons, and trucks, from every direction. They will be laughing, shouting, yelling, and whooping it up. It will be a regular old-fashioned county fair for all the people who come together for a merry good time.

Those who attended the fair will remember the large crowd and what a good time they had. This year it is anticipated that there will be the largest crowd in the history of Morgan county to attend the county fair. Reports from all over the county indicate that nearly all the schools will be present, carrying their banners and filling the air with the laughter of youth.

WEST LIBERTY SCHOOL NEWS

Edited by Senior Class

Editor in chief, Rev. Hamilton; Sports editor, Billy Keeton; Society editor, Helen Owsley; Feature editor, Beulah Caskey; Gossip editor, Beulah Caskey.

Sponsor, Miss Maureen McClure. The first meeting of the senior class was held Friday, Sept. 11. The main purpose of this meeting was to elect class officers. Miss Maureen McClure, sponsor of the senior class, acted as temporary chairman. Willard Harper, who was elected president, took charge of the nominations. The following officers were elected: president, Willard Harper; vice president, Helen Price; secretary, Gertrude Ratliff; treasurer, Harold Henry.

Mr. Gardner's glee club will meet twice a week at the Christian church. Mrs. Baldwin will assist with the music. About 60 boys and girls came out for the first meeting, which looks very promising. The plans are to meet with different high schools. There will be chapel programs in which the glee club will play an active part.

The art appreciation class agreed to let the teacher play the part of a student while the discussion by a committee appointed each day is carried on. The class officers were elected Tuesday, as follows: president, Orlean Potter; vice president, Billy Keeton; secretary, Ethel Elam; host, Willard Harper; hostess, Virginia Nickell.

Coach Gardner has introduced a new sport in our athletic department. It is speed ball. All the boys are required to participate in this sport, as it is a part of the physical education program worked out by our coach. There will be a speed ball tournament and teams will be chosen from the junior and senior high boys. The speed ball season will end early in November. The basketball season will open immediately after the speed ball season closes. The new gym will be ready for use by that time. The basketball boys may find it hard to get used to the large floor, but they will become used to it, and turn out an excellent team which we will all be proud of.

Several N.Y.A. students, under the direction of Miss Maureen McClure, have been working for the past two weeks getting the library in order. A list of rules will be published next week and a schedule will be made whereby an N.Y.A. pupil will be in the library each period in the day.

OLD TEACHER STRICKEN

W. B. Barker of Ebon was stricken with paralysis on Aug. 15. He has been unable to use one arm and leg ever since. At present he is somewhat improved, altho he still has no use of one side.

Mr. Barker is probably the oldest living teacher (now retired) of the county. He began teaching in the fall of 1884, and with the exception of four years during which he was the county superintendent he taught every year until the fall of 1935, when he taught for six weeks. He was thus in continuous school work for more than fifty years. During this time he taught in several parts of Morgan county. Probably more than 2,000 boys and girls have been taught by him. Many of them are now teaching in the county and in other parts of the state. Many others are business men, leaders in their communities, and engaged in other professions. His is a record of service not often equaled.

PIE SUPPER CHANGED

The pie supper which was to be given at Pekin schoolhouse Friday night, Sept. 18, has been changed to the next Friday night, Sept. 25, due to the fact that there will be an extension course which meets on the former date.

We hope this will be a convenient date for everyone. Come—we welcome one and all.

CHRISTINE LEWIS, Teacher

PIE SUPPER

There will be a pie supper at the Carter school on Saturday night, Oct. 10. Everyone is cordially invited to attend. Come and bring someone with you. We guarantee you plenty of pie and music.

PIE SUPPER AT PEKIN

There will be a pie supper at the Pekin schoolhouse on Friday night, Sept. 18.

We shall entertain you with string music. Everyone welcome.

PIE SUPPER

The Index teachers and school have planned a pie supper for Friday night, Sept. 18. Plenty of music and a gay time to go with the eats. Come.

CARTER CAVES TOUR

Sunday of last week the new Morgan county public school made a tour to the famous Carter caves. There were 41 persons, including several from Index, Stacy Fork, and West Liberty, and the following teachers: Lena McClure, Maurine McClure, Mildred Whit, Farris Cox, Marie Haney, Mrs. Rev. Howard, Wendell Nickell, and Russell Hale. The trip was summarized by Joanna Day, a sophomore in the West Liberty school, as follows:

"We arrived at the caves tired, dusty, and hungry, about 10:30. We got refreshments and rested a few minutes. We learned that we couldn't see the cave until after noon, for there was only light enough to light one cave at once. There was a group in the other cave, but we were forced to wait."

"Mr. Nickell took several who were interested to see Bat cave. While we were waiting we saw a natural bridge, which in my estimation is much more magnificent than the one in Powell county. Near the bridge was a spring of clear cold water which the wayfarer really appreciates on warm days."

"At 2:30 we started into X cave, which gets its name from the fact that about 75 yards into the cave it forks with passages leading four directions, forming a perfect X. We took each passage separately. In the cave we saw a rock formation resembling a turkey, another a pipe organ, which gave off different musical tones, another resembling an elephant's head, still another, Joe Lewis, and a natural chair, also a chamber which I was too tired to visit."

"We left the caves at 3:20 in the afternoon and arrived home at 7. A trip to Mammoth cave is planned in the near future by a group of the teachers."

QUICKSAND FAIR

The Robinson Harvest Festival, an agricultural fair for eastern Kentucky, will be held at Quicksand on Sept. 24, 1936.

Last year Morgan county won its share of the money. Altho we have had a bad year for farming, I think we should make a strong effort to hold our standing at this fair. Nice premiums will be given to the winners of the various exhibits.

If you have never exhibited your products at this fair, you should go and take part in the best show of farm products in all eastern Kentucky. A good fair is very educational.

A few of the fair bulletins are here in the office. If you are interested in exhibiting at this fair, write in for one of the bulletins.

YANDAL WRATHER, Co. Agent

"KNOW IT ALL"

What certain sophomore girl who is going with a blond boy is two timing him on the sly, yet he thinks she wouldn't know how to go about two timing him? (Such is life.)

Our beloved singing teacher is finding so many girls interested in the glee club that he is going to get rid of some by giving private lessons to find out if they can sing. So come on, girls, let's train our voices!

With two "Miss Morgan Counties" in high school, Miss Rose Hamilton and Miss Ella (Dood) Chalmers, there should be some friendly rivalry going on pretty soon.

Watch for the gossip column again next week and we will tell you in some more secrets.

FINE SCHOOL SPIRIT

It was indeed a great pleasure to have the opportunity of meeting with the patrons of Cannel City school on Monday evening, Sept. 7, when the P.T.A. was reorganized. A large crowd was present and a splendid school spirit was displayed by all. Everyone took the stand of loyalty for the school year behind the school, and I feel quite sure that with the aid of a cooperative group of patrons as found at Cannel City the school will be a success.

NELL BURTON, Helping Teacher

SUPERVISORY DISTRICT NO. 3

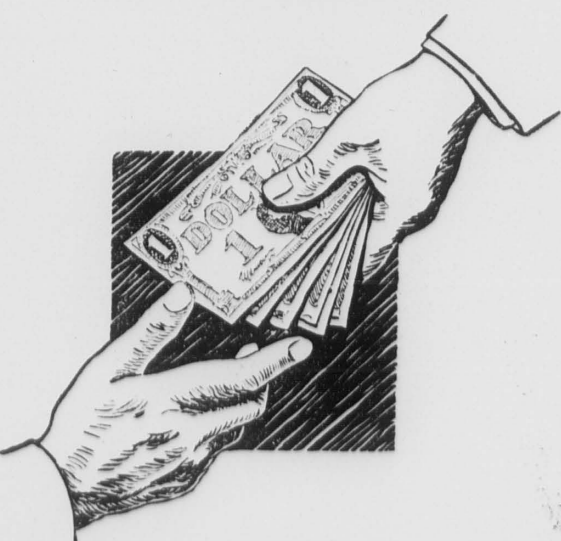
I visited the following schools last week: Oak Hill, Blairs Mills, Paragon, Lower Lick Fork, Upper Lick Fork, and Mussel Shoals. The schools are making plans to enter the fair. Much community interest is being shown, too. We want to urge as many schools as possible to attend and participate.

EDITH WARD, Helping Teacher

What Swank Means

Swank once meant vigorous, hale and hearty.

May we give you
six dollars?



NOT in cash, of course. We're speaking of its equivalent. But here is something for you to consider:

Every year this newspaper brings you at least three outstanding novels in serial form. Purchased as books each would cost not less than \$2, making a total expenditure of at least \$6 per year.

Like yourself, we could find plenty of uses for that \$6. Some member of the family is always in need of a new pair of shoes or some other necessity. But at the same time your requirements for good reading material must be met. By accepting these three novels each year we feel you are treating yourself to real enjoyment, at the same time giving your purse a substantial boost.

These novels are a source of constant pride to us. Every year we select them from the season's most outstanding best sellers, offered in serial form by a large newspaper syndicate organization. We'd like to feel that you—as a subscriber—always look forward to reading the coming installment in the next issue. It gives us a great satisfaction to know that here is another reason why our paper is popular in the home.

You are invited to begin reading our novels now. These regular brief visits to fictionland will prove a delightful interlude from your work-a-day activities. And it will make us happy to know that you are getting enjoyment from them.



Current Events IN REVIEW

by Edward W. Pickard

Split in Labor Ranks Is Now in Effect

LABOR DAY, for organized labor, was considerably marred by the fact that the suspension of the ten unions which followed John Lewis had just become effective. However, the holiday was celebrated as much as usual all over the country and the workers were addressed by many notables. President William Green of the A. F. of L., speaking at Knoxville, Tenn., declared that only labor's enemies would profit from the schism. He made a plea for a higher wage level, shorter working hours, freedom to organize, additional social security legislation and adoption of the child labor amendment to the federal constitution.

He also assailed the idea of an independent labor party and pledged the federation to a non-partisan policy in the present presidential campaign.

John L. Lewis made a radio address at Washington but did not mention the split. He maintained that American industry could "easily" pay a minimum income to unskilled labor of \$2,500 a year. Urging labor to organize to better its condition, Lewis said that "able economists have already shown that the entire scope of American life—social, economic, physical, and spiritual—may be vastly improved."

Secretary of Labor Perkins, also speaking over the radio, ignored the civil war within labor's ranks and painted labor's future as rosy. "Some 1,000,000 men and women who were jobless at this time last year have been added to the ranks of workers in private industry and the amount of money in pay envelopes has been increased nearly 42 million dollars in weekly wages," said Miss Perkins.

None of the noted speakers seemed to wish to comment on the situation in Minneapolis, where strikes have resulted in the shutting down of that city's immense milling industry. It is expected this strike will be extended next to Buffalo, second American milling center, and later to Chicago. The issue is the closed shop; the milling industry never has been unionized.

Iran Falls to the Rebels; San Sebastian Next

FIERCE attacks by the Spanish rebels resulted in the capture of Iran, on the French border, and the defenders were mercilessly slaughtered save for those who were able to take refuge in France. The town was reduced to smoking ruins, and the victors promptly started an advance westward against San Sebastian, their main objective in the north. Recognizing the fact that this large resort city could not long be defended, the government administration there offered to surrender the place if full amnesty were promised; but declared if this was refused the city would be burned to the ground and the 625 fascist prisoners held there would be shot. There was great discord among the defenders, the anarchists insisting on destroying the city anyhow.

South of Madrid the government forces were said to have made progress and there were claims that Talavera had been taken and that the Alcazar in Toledo was practically battered to pieces by loyalist artillery. The rebels' advance on Madrid from the south and west was supposed to have been halted.

The Madrid government was reorganized and Francisco Largo Caballero, left wing Socialist, was made premier.

French workers in Paris in a great demonstration insisted that the government abandon its non-intervention policy and give active aid to the Spanish government. Premier Blum, while not concealing his sympathy with the Madrid crowd, declared that if France dropped neutrality, Italy and Germany would be able to give the Spanish rebels much speedier and more effective aid than the French could give to the loyalists.

Representatives of twenty-four powers were scheduled to confer in London on plans for the establishment of a nonintervention control committee. Portugal, however, was still holding out.

Mrs. Markham Flies Atlantic, Landing in Nova Scotia

MRS. BERYL MARKHAM of England put her name on the roll of fame as the first woman to make a solo flight across the North Atlantic from east to west. She started from London for New York, but her fuel gave out and she was forced to land her small monoplane at Balne Cove near Louisburg, Nova Scotia. Except for a few

scratches she was unhurt, but the plane was badly damaged.

Another woman, Louise Thaden of the United States, gained fame by winning the \$15,000 Bendix trophy race, a transcontinental dash from New York to Los Angeles; and yet another woman, Laura Ingalls, took second place. In the Los Angeles air meet Michael De-royat, French race and stunt pilot, won high honors.

Nine persons were killed when a sight-seeing plane crashed near Pittsburgh.

France to Spend Vast Sum for Military Defense

FRANCE'S government has decided that conditions in Europe are so threatening that it must spend a huge sum for national defense. So it adopted a program for increasing the efficiency of the army which will cost \$300,000,000 in the next four years. The proposal was made by Edouard Daladier, minister of defense. The first installment of \$230,000,000 will be disbursed in 1937.

The program calls for an intensive increase of mechanized units and also for rearmament. Furthermore, it provides an increase in the size of the professional army and the creation of a specialized group of long service noncommissioned officers such as already exist in the French navy.

The program also provides for strengthening the frontier fortifications. But the chief improvement will be made in the air force which will be increased by 2,000 planes.

Roosevelt and Landon Confer on Drouth

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT and Alf M. Landon, rival candidates for the Presidency, met in somewhat dramatic fashion in Des Moines, Iowa, but they met as chief executives of the United States and of Kansas respectively for the purpose of discussing plans for the relief of drouth-stricken farmers. The conference, held at Mr. Roosevelt's suggestion and including the governors of the other states that had suffered especially from the drouth, began in the state house in Des Moines, where Governor Herring entertained the distinguished visitors at a luncheon. The President and Mr. Landon, it was said, did most of the talking at this repeat and exchanged a lot of joking remarks. Then the conference was started in earnest, each state being taken up in turn.

Early in the evening Mr. Roosevelt entertained the governors at dinner aboard his special train. On that occasion he and Mr. Landon had their most intimate talk. Results of the conference, if any, were not made public at once, the President reserving announcement of his plans for a radio address.

Relief Work Will Be Continued for Farmers

IN HIS radio talk the President asserted every governor with whom he had talked on his trip to the drouth area gave approval to his policy of providing federal work relief for the distressed farmers on projects that will protect their crops in the future. This policy, he said, would be continued. He did not give specific details of the drouth relief plan, which will be based on the report of the President's drouth study committee.

Mr. Roosevelt asserted that work relief for the unemployed in the cities has restored consumer purchasing power, sustained every merchant in the community, and provided a backlog for heavy industry.

Declaring re-employment in private industry is proceeding rapidly, the President announced allocation of an additional \$2,500,000 to the United States employment service.

Japan Will Build Big Submarine Fleet

JAPAN proposes to build up a submarine fleet approximately 30 per cent larger than that of either Great Britain or the United States. Such was the substance of a note delivered by the Japanese embassy in London to the British foreign office. The decision replaces the submarine parity among the three powers established by the 1930 London naval treaty.

Japan notified Great Britain that it was determined to keep aloft 11,050 tons of destroyers and 15,588 tons of submarines above the 1930 London treaty quotas. This tonnage, if the treaty's provisions were carried out, would be scrapped at the end of this year.

The United States, like Great Britain, has decided it must keep in service after the end of the year 40,000 tons of over age destroyers in excess of the total permitted by the 1930 treaty.

Lithuania May Abandon Fascist Regime

FASCISM in Lithuania, established about a year ago by Antanas Smetona, the president-dictator, is likely to come to an end very soon. The new parliament is now in session and has begun to study possible revision of the constitution.

The Lithuanian government has had serious trouble with Germany over Memel, which, though mainly populated by Germans, was turned over to Lithuania for use as a port by the League of Nations. The country's second source of woe is its broken relations with Poland. There have been no formal relations between the two countries since Poland seized Vilna, the original Lithuanian capital. There is no mail or telegraphic communication across the border and no trade.

Railway Labor Act Is Attacked in Court

IN AN appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States the Virginian Railway company made an attack on the provisions of the railway labor act authorizing collective bargaining between representatives of the employees and the carriers.

The railroad appealed from rulings by the Eastern Virginia Federal District court and the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals requiring it to negotiate concerning disputes with a unit of the American Federation of Labor.

High Labor Costs Drive Big Concern From New York

BECAUSE labor costs in New York city are too high the Charles Schreiner Press, largest magazine printing house there, has decided to close the plant in which it employs 1,000 men and women and move where costs are lower. Executives of the company said they did not object to the wage scales imposed by New York unions, but found the differential between the local scale and the rates in force elsewhere so great that it was "impossible" to continue in New York.

Revised Budget Figures Increase the Debt

REVISING the 1937 budget figures he submitted to congress in January, President Roosevelt now estimates that expenditures caused by the AAA invalidation will put the public debt at the all-time high figure of \$34,188,543,494. He says, however, that better business will run tax receipts up \$12,000,000 higher than was expected. The President's revision covered the fiscal year that began July 1 last and will end June 30, 1937. During his absence from the capital it was issued by Acting Budget Director Daniel W. Bell.

The chief items changed by the estimate were:

1. Receipts, fixed at \$5,665,839,000.
2. Expenditures at \$7,762,835,300.
3. Gross deficit for the year at \$2,096,996,300.

Public debt on June 30, 1937, at \$34,188,543,493.73. These estimates compared with January figures as follows:

1. Receipts of \$5,654,217,650.
2. Expenditures of \$7,645,301,338.
3. Deficit of \$1,989,388,720.
4. Public debt at end of year of \$33,351,638,720.

Roosevelt estimated is the lowest of the New Deal. Regarding this figure the President said: "The estimated deficit for 1937 is \$2,096,996,300 which includes \$580,000,000 for statutory debt retirement and \$560,000,000 for further payments under the adjusted compensation payment act."

"Deducting the amount of the statutory debt retirement leaves a net deficit of \$1,516,996,300. "This does not mean that there will be an increase in the public debt of this amount for the reason that it is contemplated during the year to reduce the working balance of the general fund by approximately \$1,100,000,000."

What Mr. Roosevelt meant by this was that instead of borrowing money to cover the difference between receipts and expenditures, the Treasury would dip into the general fund for \$1,100,000,000.

Six Men May Be Cited for Contempt of Senate

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY L. C. GARNETT of Washington was asked by Vice President Garner to present to the federal grand jury the case of six Railway Audit and Inspection company officials who failed to appear before a senate committee some two weeks ago. Those cited by Mr. Garner were: W. W. Groves, president of the company; W. B. Groves, vice president; Earl Douglas Rice, secretary-treasurer; R. S. Judge, director; and J. C. Boyer.

The committee, headed by Senator La Follette, is investigating the alleged use of labor "spies" by employers in disputes with their employees. At the time of the hearing an attorney for the company told the committee an injunction was being sought in federal court to prevent the officials' appearance and to prohibit production of their records.

Thinking Men Oppose Change

Prefer Security of Roosevelt's Sound Foreign Policy; Seeking Farm Vote

By EARL GODWIN

WASHINGTON. — We ought to be proud of the fact that the diplomats and rulers of the world look on Franklin Roosevelt as a master hand in the art of minding America's business in such a way that we are now about as free from entangling foreign alliances as we have ever been. This is important to the people of America because there is no doubt that in the eventual next world war the powers will endeavor to bring us into the scrap—as before.

Because of Roosevelt's strong position and his keen grasp of international affairs, plus the grave danger of the wrong man in the White House in a time of international stress, thinking men are talking against any idea of a change of administration. Landon has not, at this writing, given any inkling of what his views may be on these international matters; and for all I know he hasn't any—but it is to remember that the series of little wars we inflicted on our small southern neighbors for years were the outcome of the so-called "dollar diplomacy" of the Wall Street investors who used to run the state department.

We had an idea once that there was a manifest destiny which sent this country into every South American and West Indian cane brake and jungle to see whether or not we couldn't make a little money in some of these foreign enterprises. Then, to back up the American enterprises in these regions, we used to have a part of our navy and marine corps down there acting as policemen. This used to irritate these South American and West Indian countries beyond description and was the reason for the eternal ill feeling those folks used to bear toward us. There never was any reason for us to be backing up this type of dollar diplomacy which kept us on the verge of small warfare in Cuba, Nicaragua, Mexico and other neighboring lands. There may have been reason for us now and then to act the part of an armed arbiter in some hot-headed island where the natives were running wild—but by and large the wisest thing this country ever did was to drop all ideas of the big stick in other people's countries and start on the Roosevelt idea of being a good neighbor to everybody.

We are working up trade agreements that are showing up the old selfish high tariff policies; we have certainly gained a great foothold in Canada that way; also in several other countries. We are about to stage a great western-world conference in South America which ought to lead to the establishment of a solid North American bloc of countries to stand together, mind their own business, and resist European and Asiatic influences. It may be the new world against the old world sometime in the future, and we can start right now to get ready. Roosevelt sees a long way ahead in these world matters; it would be a shameful thing to sidetrack him now just as he is getting the United States in a leading international position as a peace maker.

Roosevelt has been keeping his weather eye open on European affairs for a long time past; and the country should realize that it has been far seeing statesmanship which has placed us right now in a strong neutral position with respect to every one of the European snarls—including the Spanish horror. Otherwise you would have seen us gradually edging our way into a European war through the device of moneys loaned or munitions sold to one side or the other. But Roosevelt's neutrality policies, backed up by congress, have made it clear to the world that we will have none of Europe's dirty mess.

COURTING FARM VOTES.

The farm vote is the exciting prize in this campaign; and it is interesting to know that the Roosevelt campaign in the Middle West farm belt is to be conducted educationally by a non partisan, or possible omni-partisan committee of farm leaders who have been hammering on New Deal principles for years past. Headed by William Settle of the Indiana farm bureau federation, this committee is now being organized throughout several states connected with it at this writing. There is Frank Murphy of Minneapolis, attorney for several large farm organizations, and remembered for the fact that although he was a delegate to the G. O. P. convention which nominated Hoover, he bolted that outfit and led 5,000 farmers to Houston demanding a farm plank that meant something.

Another well known Mid-West farm leader on this committee is Homer Hush of Iowa, who makes the plain statement that "the farmer who deserts Roosevelt is a sucker." Others are Paul Weis of Wisconsin, a Progressive; Sam Fishman, Kansas Republican read out of that

party by Chairman John Hamilton of the G. O. P. national committee of the founders of the nonpartisan league.

This committee will have its headquarters in Chicago; you will see the result of its efforts in the way of educational matter in the form of booklets, pamphlets, cartoons and exhibits. One of the Republican efforts it is now engaged in combating is the G. O. P. hatred of the reciprocal trade treaties. As I have told you in this column, there is a grave danger in farmers being beguiled into believing the reciprocal trade treaties are a menace to agriculture—and vote for the Landon administration without realizing they are voting to build a tariff wall which will bring back all the old evils that pestered and ruined them before. A Republican tariff has always worked wonders for the industrialists who put up the prices of everything they sold to farmers—while the farmers got nothing at all out of it.

NO WASTE HERE.

It is a sad commentary on the selfish political tactics of the New Deal's enemies that they continually refer to the "waste" of the Public Works program and never yet have given credit for such enormously helpful things as the 4,115 schools which have been built this year, spread millions of dollars where they were needed, but provided a great investment in American citizenship.

These schools, which range from one-room buildings to whole new high schools, are scattered over half the 3,071 American counties in all the states. These buildings represent 70 per cent of all the new school buildings in the country in the past two and a half years. This 70 per cent cost \$462,000,000, of which the federal government gives more than half. Some of the money, about \$90,000,000, was loaned to the communities by the government and will be repaid. The rest was raised by the taxpayers in the communities benefited. There is no waste and no local kick; why then does a man who knows as much as Frank Knox go roaring around the country belaboring Roosevelt for a program that has done as much as this PWA school building program? It reflects on a man's intellectual honor to make charges like Knox makes.

The figures I have reported here have just come from Secretary Lave; they do not include \$30,000,000 spent by the federal government on federal schools among the Indians and at the military and naval academies.

In addition, the government has loaned nearly \$60,000,000 to universities which have built new gymnasiums, cafeterias for students, much needed dormitories, etc. The total expenditures so far (there being a lot yet to come) total \$200,000,000 and have provided 800,000 months of work for laboring men at the local sites, and 4,000,000 months of labor per man at various factories. PWA, then, has done a tremendous job in resuscitating the school-world from the low level it had fallen into during the depression years, especially the period 1930 to 1933.

ANOTHER QUESTION.

That old question "what is the Constitution between friends" gives way now to the question "what is the Supreme Court among the governors of drouth-stricken states?" That is a local matter, and as the result of this there was a great deal of political hot air blown this way and that by various gentlemen seeking to oust Mr. Roosevelt from the White House. They declared he was violating states' rights and what not—but I notice that the minute he and the responsible officials of the drouth-stricken communities got down to brass tacks, they had no other idea about solving agriculture's drouth problem than on a national basis; not a state basis; and mainly with federal and not with state funds.

In that way of course the President has injected the Constitution into the campaign. He did not do so in any political argument on his trip through the drouth area; and his trip was entirely official and not political. Yet the consequences must have a bearing on politics and on the campaign. It strikes me the situation is a complete practical answer to the legalistic and I think the erroneous conclusions of the Supreme Court.

The President's general program for agriculture and federal spending to aid the distressed millions, therefore, seems to have everybody's approval; and that means Gov. Alf Landon, too. I don't see how the Republicans can make an issue of federal spending, or how anyone can split hairs on whether or not agriculture is a local or a national matter.

Curiously enough, the Landon managers are hoping to make a great vote getting impression among the crowded millions of the eastern cities; and one of their arguments with the city folk is that the New Deal's agricultural policies have raised food prices and thus increased the living costs of the city dwellers.

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IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST,
Dean of the Moody Bible Institute
of Chicago.
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Lesson for September 20

CHRISTIAN LIVING

LESSON TEXT—Romans 12:1-3, 9-13.
GOLDEN TEXT—Christ liveth in me.
—Galatians 2:20.

PRIMARY TOPIC—How Jesus Wants His Friends to Act.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Paul Explains How to Act.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—What Is Christian Living?

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—How to Live as a Christian.

As a fitting conclusion to a three-month study of the Spread of Christianity to the gentile peoples of Western Asia, we consider the teaching of the great apostle to the Gentiles concerning "Christian Living."

The early chapters of Paul's epistle to the Romans present the greatest exposition of profound Christian doctrine ever written. But even as it is true that the fruit of Christian living can grow only on the tree of Christian doctrine, it is equally true that the knowledge of Christian truth should result in Christian living. "Faith without works is dead."

Our lesson pointedly presents the true Christian life as being

I. A Life Yielded to God (Rom. 12:1-3).

A recognition and deep appreciation of the mercies of God leads to a yielding of body and mind in living sacrifice to God. If we are Christians our bodies are the temples of the Holy Spirit. We must not lend our bodies to activities which destroy their usefulness or hinder our service for God but rather yield the body with all its abilities to God!

But after all "it is the inside of a man that counts." The presenting of the body in living sacrifice is possible only when there has been the inner transformation by the renewing of the mind. One cannot live physically without being born; it is equally impossible to live a Christian life without having been born again.

The Christian life is yielded to God not only for his own peace and satisfaction, but it is to be

II. A Life of Service (vv. 9-15).

We are not saved by serving but we are saved to serve. In the first place the Christian serves the Lord. He abhors evil, but his life is not merely negative, for he cleaves to that which is good. He is not lazy, but diligent. His spirit is aglow with zeal for God and his cause. He is full of joy and hope, patient under trials, a man of steadfastness in prayer.

Such a man will not fail to serve his fellow-man. He will really love the brethren, not merely make a hypocritical show of loving them. He will seek the honor of others rather than his own glory. He will be given to the almost lost art of hospitality. He will be ready to stand by his brother, in the day of joy or of sorrow. He will go even further, for he will bless those that persecute him.

The measure is not yet full for we note next that the Christian lives—

III. A Life of Humility (v. 16).

In these days when we are urged to assert ourselves, to demand our rights, to "succeed" at any cost, and when men are measured by their worldly achievements, it sounds rather old-fashioned to talk about humility, about condescending to lowly things, of not being "wise in our own conceits."

But humility is still the crowning grace of a truly Christian life. Those who follow the lowly Jesus, in fact as well as in profession, are still strongest when they are weak, and mightiest for God when they are humble.

Note also that we follow a victorious Christ who calls us to

IV. A Life of Victory (vv. 17-21).

It is possible to talk much about the victorious life—to discuss it at length as a theological question—and have little real victory.

Paul speaks plainly. The Christian is honorable in all things. He meets every obligation. He is a man of peace. He is not concerned with avenging himself upon one who has done him wrong. Spite fences, boundary disputes, family quarrels, are not for him. Evil is not to overcome him. God gives the victory.

A great lesson, and one that we cannot study without some disquieting thought. Christian, how does your life and mine appear as they are held up to the mirror of God's Word? Let us make a covenant that by God's grace and power we shall go forward in real "Christian living."

A Human Being

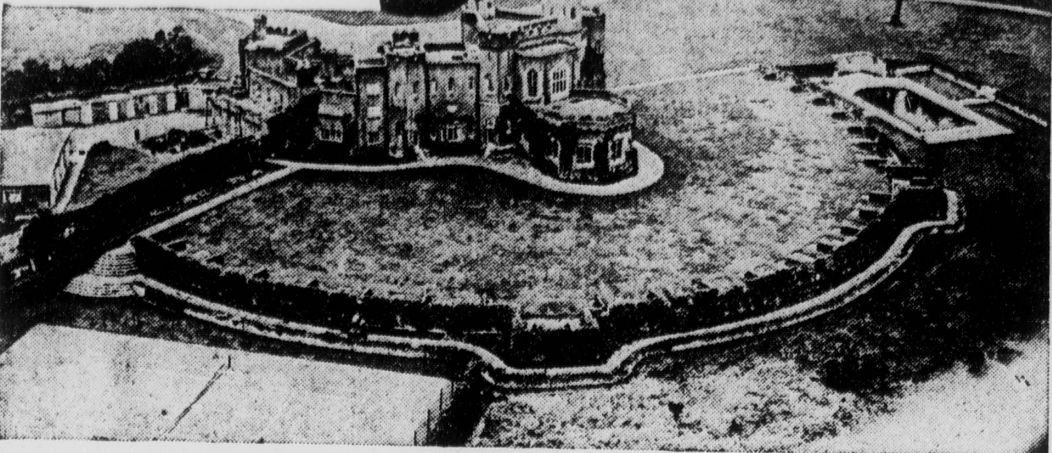
There cannot be a more glorious object in creation than a human being, replete with benevolence, meditating in what manner he might render himself more acceptable to his Creator by doing most good to his creatures.—Fielding.

Visions of Better Life

It is well to have visions of a better life than that of every day, but it is the life of every day from which elements of a better life must come.—Maeterlinck.

King Edward's Pleasant Country Residence

When King Edward of England is not traveling or kept in London by official business he resides in Fort Belvedere, his country home, which is set in a beautiful wooded region. His Majesty has taken great interest in laying out the grounds and planning the tennis court and the swimming pool.



BEDTIME STORY FOR CHILDREN

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

THE ANGRY TRAPPER

JERRY MUSKRAT had about decided that Farmer Brown's Boy wasn't coming back when he heard footstep and a moment later Farmer Brown's Boy appeared coming down the Laughing Brook toward the Smiling Pool. Jerry remained hidden where he could not be seen, but where he himself could see all that went on around the Smiling Pool.

In one hand Farmer Brown's Boy carried a bunch of things that clanked as he walked. Jerry knew



The Top of the Stick Was Split and in This He Slipped a Piece of Paper.

what they were. He would know those things as far as he could see them. They were steel traps. Jerry scowled as he saw them. The sound of them hitting together sent little cold shivers over him. They were dreadful things, even more dreadful than terrible guns. There was nothing to fear from the latter save when they were in the hands of hunters, and any one with his wits about him ought to be able to see a hunter in time to seek safety.

But these dreadful traps were left hidden in the very places where a fellow had the right to feel safest, ready to seize him in cruel steel jaws and hold him to suffer pain and dreadful fright for hours and hours, sometimes for days. Jerry could think of nothing so dreadful as those steel traps, and so he shivered at the sight of them.

Farmer Brown's Boy threw the

traps down on the bank of the Smiling Pool. His usually sunny face was clouded. From his pocket he took a piece of paper and a pencil. Then he sat down and began to write. When he had finished he went over to Jerry's favorite log and thrust a stick in the bank just above it. The top of the stick was split, and in this he slipped the piece of paper. Then he went back, gathered up the traps, slung them over his shoulder and tramped off in the direction of home.

All the rest of that day Jerry kept an eye on that piece of paper at the end of his favorite old log. It puzzled him. He didn't go near it. He didn't dare to. He was suspicious of it. It might be some new kind of trap. Jerry was very unhappy. Early the next morning Jerry heard some one coming down the Laughing Brook. He promptly hid where he could watch. In a few minutes the stranger whom he had one time thought his friend appeared, and it was plain to be seen that he was very angry. He was muttering as he strode along. Almost at once he saw the piece of paper left by Farmer Brown's Boy. He strode over to it, picked it up,

and read it. This is what was on it:

"No trapping or hunting is allowed on this property. You, whoever you are, can get your traps at Farmer Brown's house."

The trapper turned and shook his fist in the direction of Farmer Brown's. Then, still muttering, he walked away hurriedly, but not in the direction of Farmer Brown's. Jerry didn't understand it at all, but for some unknown reason he felt better.

© T. W. Burgess—WNU Service.

PAPA KNOWS—



"Pop, what is penguin?" "Tropical flapper."

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CULINARY THOUGHTS

IT IS just a matter of taste, of course, the kinds of foods we like; tomatoes we all admit are one of our choice vegetables, rich in vitamins and adding attractiveness to any dish by their rich color, but are we not overdoing the tomato sauce business? It is served over all kinds of meat, fish and fowl, as Spanish rice, pilaf, creole sauce, goulash, Hungarian, and otherwise, until the sight of tomato on spaghetti, macaroni and noodles makes us wish we could get back for a while at least to the days of our grandmothers when the tomato was simply an ornament and considered poisonous to eat.

We have too many mixtures in our diets. A sliced ripe tomato served fresh and natural is a thing of beauty and a joy forever, but when we put it into all sorts of mixtures they become a mess. A few such dishes once in a great while might be really enjoyed, but served too often we lose all respect for the delightful vegetable.

Recently on the bill of fare in a famous restaurant we ordered "Old-fashioned Beef Stew." There were visions of brown juicy meat with the accompanying brown gravy, but when it appeared there were large cubes of beef floating in rivers

of tomato sauce; imagine a stew called old-fashioned, served thus. When we disguise the dish we are serving by any sauce too highly seasoned or flavored, we are guilty of a grave dietary error. When we eat potatoes, we want to have them taste like potatoes; meats should always have their own distinctive flavor paramount, and so should it be in all main dishes.

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Home of Wild Sheep
Wild sheep of many species occupy mountains in most of Asia, Southern Europe and Northern Africa. Asia has by far the greatest number of species and individuals, and scientists believe it to be the region where wild sheep originated. They must have been fairly early migrants to North America, however, probably crossing from Siberia to Alaska long before the first human beings to populate the New World came over by the same route.

Discussing How Maine Will Go



"As Maine goes, so goes the nation" is an ancient political belief, and these men of Maine are conscious of the important part their state plays in national history. Politics is the one topic of the group, pictured in the country store of Willis Kane, in Surrey.

PITY THE POOR

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

Pity the poor—
An oak they see,
And yet they but
Behold a tree.

Pity the poor,
When buds unclosed,
Who see a flower
And not a rose.

Pity the poor,
Who sell, who lend,
Make gold, but never
Make a friend.

Pity the poor,
Who come, who roam,
And have a house
And not a home.

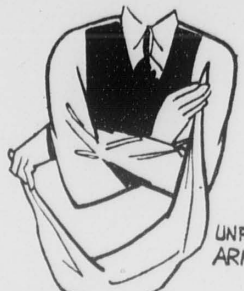
Pity the poor,
Who know no loss,
No crown because
They know no cross.

Pity the poor—
Whatever the need,
These are the poor,
The poor indeed.

© Douglas Malloch—WNU Service.

TRY THIS TRICK

By PONJAY HARRAH
Copyright by Pablo Ledger, Inc.



THE PUZZLING KNOT

ASK a person to take a handkerchief by opposite corners. That done, request your friend to tie a knot in the handkerchief without releasing either corner.

The longer he attempts to tie the knot the more hopeless his task will become. Eventually, he will challenge you to perform the trick, whereupon you oblige.

Stretch the handkerchief and lay it on a table. Fold your arms, bend forward and grasp one end of the handkerchief between the fingers of your left hand; then shift and gain the other end with the fingers of your right.

Unfold your arms, holding the end of the handkerchief as you do so. A knot forms automatically in the center of the cloth.

WNU Service.

ANNABELLE'S ANSWERS

By RAY THOMPSON



DEAR ANNABELLE: WHAT DOES IT INDICATE WHEN A MAN ALLOWS HIS WIFE TO DRIVE HIS CAR?
CURIOS.
DEAR CURIOS: IT'S A SIGN HE'S EITHER CONTEMPLATING A NEW CAR OR A NEW WIFE!

"Duck Pond" in Stitchery



Pattern 5602

The "Duck Pond"—a quiet, shady nook where graceful ducks float to and fro, is a charming subject indeed for a wall-hanging, the detail will prove fascinating to embroider. It's no time before every stitch is in, done in wool or

rope silk, and you're ready to line and hang it.

In pattern 5602 you will find a transfer pattern of a wall hanging 15 by 20 inches; material requirements; illustrations of all stitches needed; color suggestions.

To obtain this pattern send 15 cents in stamps or coins (coins preferred) to The Sewing Circle Household Arts Dept., 259 W. Fourteenth St., New York, N. Y. Write plainly pattern number, your name and address.

Don't Sleep on Left Side, Affects Heart

Gas Pressure May Cause Discomfort

Right Side Best

If you toss in bed and can't sleep on right side, try Adierka. Just ONE dose relieves stomach GAS pressing on heart so you sleep soundly all night. Adierka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowels and brings out foul matter you would never believe was in your system. This old matter may have poisoned you for months and caused GAS, sour stomach, headache or nervousness. Dr. H. L. Shoup, New York, reports: "In addition to intestinal cleansing, Adierka greatly reduces bacteria and colon bacilli." Mrs. Jas. Filler: "Gas on my stomach was so bad I could not eat or sleep. Even my heart hurt. The first dose of Adierka brought me relief. Now I eat as I wish, sleep fine and never feel better." Give your stomach and bowels a REAL cleansing with Adierka and see how good you feel. Just ONE dose relieves GAS and chronic constipation. Sold by all druggists and drug departments.

The Mind Meter

By LOWELL HENDERSON

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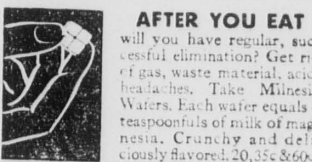
The Famous Men Test

In the following test there are eight problems. In each one a man's name is given, followed by the names of four professions, vocations or avocations. Cross out the particular occupation or pursuit in which the man is or was most famous.

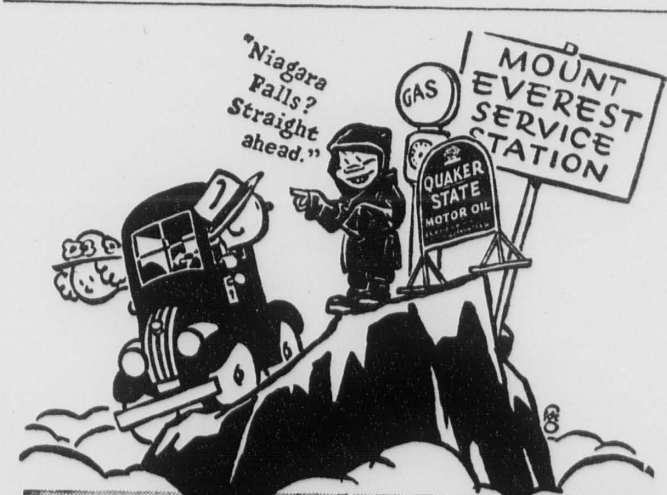
1. Cordell Hull—composer, inventor, statesman, golfer.
2. William Powell—lawyer, financier, composer, actor.
3. Robert E. Lee—football coach, inventor, dramatist, soldier.
4. John Masefield—lawyer, poet, pianist, actor.
5. John Marshall—jurist, inventor, soldier, physician.
6. Charles W. Eliot—lexicographer, actor, educator, pugilist.
7. Augustus St. Gaudens—inventor, composer, sculptor, actor.
8. John Hancock—statesman, physician, actor pianist.

Answers

1. Statesman.
2. Actor.
3. Soldier.
4. Poet.
5. Jurist.
6. Educator.
7. Sculptor.
8. Statesman.

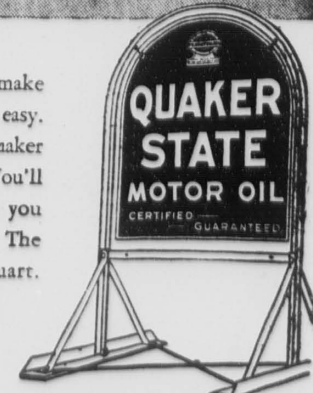


WNU—E 39-36



GO FARTHER BEFORE YOU NEED A QUART

Always adding oil? Then make the "First Quart" test. It's easy. Just drain and refill with Quaker State. Note the mileage. You'll find you go farther before you have to add the first quart. The retail price is 35¢ per quart. Quaker State Oil Refining Co., Oil City, Pennsylvania.



FIRST-AID RELIEF FOR MINOR BURNS, SCALDS, CUTS

Also for SOOTHES QUICKLY—HELPS HEALING

For simple burns and cuts, Cuticura Ointment is a wonderfully soothing dressing. Excludes air from sensitive spots, relieves irritation, promotes quick healing.

Also helps prevent red, rough hands, promoting a smooth, velvety whiteness. Use together with Glycerin mildly medicated Cuticura Soap. Each 5c. Write "Cuticura" Dept. 22, Malden, Mass. for FREE sample.

RED ROUGH HANDS CUTICURA OINTMENT

With Long Ruffle



An elongated ruffle which extends from around the neck down to the hem of the skirt trims Ginger Rogers' dress of gentian blue crepe printed with tiny bright blue squares. Her accessories are cream-colored. She wears a Lily Dache hat which, in design, is newer than next week. The brim is tied up by means of a blue cord which matches the net that forms the crown.



"Most women think life is a marry-go-round," says Reno Ritz, "and the game is to see how many rings they can snatch."

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HEARD AROUND THE CORNER

MIDDLEFORK

Sept. 14.—Roy Gilliam of Straight Creek was the week end guest of his sister, Mrs. Hilliard Smith, and attended church here.

Mrs. Clifford Cox, who is teaching school here, visited home folks at Elamton the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lemaster visited Mr. and Mrs. Lennie Lewis, at Moon, Saturday. Their daughter, Mrs. Elda Keeton, died Friday.

John Wright, who has been sick for the past week, is some better. P. S. Smith is on the sick list.

Miss Mildred Lemaster, who had been staying with her brother, Woodford Lemaster, has gone to make her home with her father, Joe Lemaster.

Andy Skaggs of Crockett was in this vicinity Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Blanton of Sandy visited their aunt, Mrs. Marion Smith, and family, the week end.

LENEX

Sept. 8.—Church services were conducted Sunday at Cow Branch by Rev. Alfred Johnson of this place.

Robert Conley of Brookville, Ind., spent the week end with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Henry and daughter Marie, of Cottle, were Sunday guests of T. H. Day and family, at Cow Branch.

J. J. Johnson of this place is building a house at West Liberty for Evert Tyree of Straight Creek.

Mrs. Henry Brooks and children, of Cottle, were Sunday dinner guests of Elias Johnson and family, here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ova Gross and family, of Pomp, were visiting relatives at Cow Branch on Sunday.

Misses Mabel and Mary Belle Johnson and Edna Shaver, who are attending school at West Liberty, spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks. PAT & MIKE

GRASSY CREEK

Sept. 14.—Mrs. George Stuart and Miss Lena McClure, accompanied by several girl friends, were in Lexington shopping Saturday.

Miss Beulah Oldfield of Oklahoma was a Saturday night guest of her sister, Mrs. Victor Gevedon.

Marjorie, Justine, and Genoa Gevedon were Friday night guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Gevedon, of Nickell, and attended the pie supper at Panama.

Both the pie supper at Halsey school and the ice cream supper at Grassy Creek were a success, and the money will be used for much needed repairs on the school buildings.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stuart and Mrs. Maggie McClure were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ova Amyx.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Allen of Stacy Fork were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Spunk of Morehead were Sunday guests of W. F. Patton and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Proffitt of Leeco have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Nickell, here.

Eugene McClure went to Morehead one day this week to enter college.

Emma and Durward Amyx were Saturday night guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ova Amyx, and attended the ice cream supper at Grassy Creek. O GEE

LICKING RIVER

Sept. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Bill Lawren and son, of Lexington, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Math Lewis and Mrs. Betty Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Leach of Liberty Road spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Willard Lewis.

Mrs. Lee May of Neal Valley is visiting relatives in this community.

Mrs. J. E. Cottle of Dehart spent one day last week with Mrs. Math Lewis.

Jake Henry of Malone spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wells.

Mr. and Mrs. Forest Bays and Mr. and Mrs. Jim Tom May and children, of West Liberty, and Mrs. Lee May of Neal Valley were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Taylor May.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henry of Malone spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Day.

Rev. Hobert Halsey of Mize visited friends in this section Saturday night. Billy Barber of Dehart spent the week end with Willard Lewis.

Miss Clara Lewis, who had been spending her vacation with home folks, has returned to Atlanta, Ga., where she will teach Bible school this winter.

Rev. Earl Morris of Campton spent Sunday with Miss Anna Henry.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Davis of West Liberty spent one day recently with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. May.

Rev. and Mrs. Wiley Miller and Mrs. Floyd Fugate attended church Sunday at Spaw Creek.

FLAT WOODS

Sept. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Ollie Eagle have moved to their farm recently bought of James Wheeler.

Hobart Halsey was here the first of the week.

Dave Phipps was the guest of G. B. Cox on Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Miller and Mrs. Floyd Fugate attended church Sunday at Spaw Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Robinson were at Mt. Sterling on Wednesday.

John F. May had business at Blaze the first of the week.

Sam Vanceave was called Friday to see his son, who is confined with fever at Mt. Sterling.

Floyd Fugate spent a few days last week with his daughter, Mrs. Irene Collinsworth, at Lykins.

J. B. May was at Frankfort a few days last week.

A large crowd attended prayer meeting here Sunday night. Everybody is invited to attend each Sunday night. UNCLE ZIP

SILVERHILL

Sept. 12.—Mrs. Stella Fyffe and children, of Portsmouth, Ohio, visited her father, Sammie Wright, recently.

Kelly Wright, who had been visiting his sister, Mrs. Ben Wright, of Emmet, W. Va., has returned home.

Born, Sept. 7, to Mr. and Mrs. Coy Wright, a nine pound boy.

Born, recently, to Mr. and Mrs. Kelly Johnson of Lacey, a girl.

Don Wright, Hannah Ferguson, and Opal Dawson were Sunday guests of Pauline Hamilton.

Ruth Hamilton spent Saturday night with Mrs. Frona Williams of Lacey.

Goebel Hamilton had as dinner guests Saturday John Ed Jenkins of Dingus, William Wright of Relief, and Grover Jenkins of Grayfox.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith and children, of Mima, spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Smith.

Mrs. Rebecca Hamilton left Tuesday for West Liberty, where she will visit a few days with her sons, Hollie and Sanford Hamilton.

Success to the Courier and its many readers. JIP

CANNEL CITY

Dr. and Mrs. J. D. "Whiteaker" attended the annual conference of the Methodist church in Richmond last week.

Earl Walton, Charles Briscoe, Ernest Sebastian, and Dorsie Benton have returned from Fort Benjamin Harrison.

Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Elam entertained with a picnic supper Friday evening of last week in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Roby Walker.

Earl Haney and Arnold Patrick were in Ashland on Tuesday.

Miss Sallie Minor and William Minor have returned from Virginia, where they spent the summer.

Miss Helen Taylor of Ashland spent the week end with Miss Wilma Faulkner.

Miss Maxine Zornes has returned home from Ashland, having completed a business course.

W. E. Wheeler, district mine inspector, visited his mother, Mrs. Mary L. Wheeler, and other relatives here, over the week end.

Miss Anna Mae Walton has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Adam Parks, at Jenkins.

Mitchel Elam, who had been visiting relatives in Dayton and Middletown, Ohio, for the past two months, has returned home.

GREER

Sept. 14.—Miss Ruth Hall and Lenville Jones, both of this place, were quietly married Thursday at the home of Rev. John L. Ferguson, Rev. Ferguson officiating. Ruth is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hall and Lenville is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones. Both are general favorites among the young social set.

Willard Short of Bath county spent one night last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Short, here.

Rev. Jack Wheeler of North Middletown was the Sunday dinner guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Ferguson.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest May, who had been in Sharpsburg the past two weeks, have returned home.

Miss Gertrude Short and George Lyttle, both of this place, were quietly married recently.

Gene Halsey is erecting a new building for the postoffice.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Hall and son Robert Earl and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bennoch and sons Richard, Ralph, Roy, and Robert passed thru here on Sunday and stopped for dinner with Mrs. Florence Ferguson. Their former home was at Weeksbury, but they make their future home.

They were on their way to Wyoming to Clifford and daughter Gladys, of Foster, Ohio, passed thru here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fugett and son on their way home from Hazard, where they had been visiting Mrs. Fugett's sister. They stopped here for a brief call on Mr. Fugett's sister, Mrs. Harlan Fugett.

MURPHYFORK

Wedding bells have been ringing here. Estill Amburn of this place and Flossie Patrick of Hazel Green were quietly married Sept. 5.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Halsey were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cecil.

Mrs. Cynthia Conley spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Mayabb and family. It was Mrs. Conley's eighty-first birthday.

Rev. Jeff Goodpastor filled his appointment here Sunday.

Nellivene and Maxwell Murphy spent Sunday with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Murphy.

There will be a pie supper at the Murphyfork schoolhouse Saturday night, Sept. 19. Everybody invited.

LIBERTY ROAD

Sept. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Lonnie Gose and children Phyllis and Evelyn and Kenneth Wheeler were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Wheeler of Morehead.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Benton and little son Stanley Dale, of Malone, visited Mrs. Benton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Frisby, over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Wheeler and family recently moved to Caney.

Bascom Elam visited Sunday his father, James W. Elam, at Greer.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Gibson and family and Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Gibson and little daughter, of Roe Branch, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gibson.

SUNSHINE

LOWER ELKFORK

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Caskey of West Liberty were week end guests of Mrs. Clarence Caskey.

Miss Roxie Fairchild and two sisters, of Pomp, were week end guests of Ella Elam.

Willie Littler and Lenva Fannin were at West Liberty on business Thursday.

Burns Littler and son were in West Liberty on business Saturday. Beneda Fannin, daughter of Walter and Myrtle Fannin, was born Aug. 19, 1935, and died Sept. 3, 1936. The child died at the home of her grandfather, J. H. Fannin. The body was laid to rest in the Fairchild cemetery.

Eddie Cantrell is having a pie supper at the Mordecai school on Saturday night. BUCK JONES

REXVILLE

Sept. 14.—Mrs. Sarah Oldfield, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Z. N. Childers, for several weeks, returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Perry of West Middletown, Ohio, spent last Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Paris Stamper and family.

Alvin Rexford Childers of Pikeville spent a few days last week with his aunt, Mrs. Emma Taylor.

Mrs. Joyce Lykins of Cincinnati, Ohio, has been visiting her father, Alvin Oldfield, for a few weeks.

John Brewer and his daughter, Ella Stamper, visited Monday night Mr. and Mrs. James Oldfield of Menifee county.

Victor Haney of Mt. Sterling is visiting his sister, Mrs. Elijah Gevedon, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Boone McNabb of Toliver and Mrs. Mollie Napier of Michigan were guests of Mrs. George Brewer one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter May, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Brewer and daughter Lingle, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Brewer, and Nova Stamper attended meeting Sunday at Stillwater.

Elwood Elam and Walter Halsey are attending school at Ezel.

FLORESSE

Sept. 14.—Ed Elam, Cynthia Bolin, and Lizzie Pack attended the Elam reunion Sunday.

Mrs. W. J. Elam has been on the sick list the past week.

Miss Dessie Dawson and Boye Brown were quietly married Wednesday. The writer wishes them a happy life together.

Miss Lula Elam, who had been visiting friends and relatives at Payton, returned home Monday.

A pie supper at the Lacey Creek school netted \$14.50, which will be used to paint the schoolhouse inside.

Sarah Conley and Etta May Nickell were Saturday night guests of Frank Conley, at Matthew.

Charley Frederick took Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Sutphin to West Liberty on Saturday.

Mrs. Ina Easterling moved Wednesday to Portsmouth, Ohio.

Mrs. Rodney Cottle visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clay Williams, and family, the past week.

Tommie Peltrey, who had been visiting at Ashland and Portsmouth, O., returned home Saturday.

Mrs. D. H. Dawson, who has been confined to her room for some time, is no better.

There will be church here on Sept. 26 and 27.

Good luck to the Courier and its many readers. LONESOME PAL

Baby Rain Maker



Little Dorothy Faye Terrell, aged 4, visited the Texas Centennial Exposition last week. She came from Plainview where it had not rained for a while. Confidently she carried her umbrella with her. It rained on Centennial crowds.

INSKO

Sept. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Stricklin and son Edsel, of Charleston, W. Va., are visiting Mrs. Stricklin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Vest, and other relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Hammock left last Tuesday for Jeffersonville, where they are planning to move in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Jones and family, Mrs. Jasper Jones and children Junior and Carrie Margaret, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fletcher, and Miss Rennie Arnett attended the revival meeting at Payton last Sunday.

Mrs. C. L. Holliday left last week for an extended visit with her nephew and his wife, Mr. and Mrs.

J. H. Taulbee, at Cloverport. We hope she will have an enjoyable visit.

Elmer Anderson, Ray Hammock, Walton Jones, and Eugene Taulbee, of this place, are attending Cannel City high school. They seem to be very much interested in their school work.

Miss Reva Gregory of Buskirk visited her mother, Mrs. H. C. Gregory, here, last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Watson have moved into the Yost property near here. Mr. Watson is a teacher in our school and we are delighted to have them for neighbors.

Mrs. W. M. Gullett spent a few days last week with relatives in Magoffin county.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nickell and children and Miss Ruth Lacy spent last week end with Mr. and Mrs. Jim Benton at Cannel City.

Mr. and Mrs. Garsey Williams and children, of Cannel City, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Williams, here, Sunday.

Know Your Language

By C. L. Bushnell

School of English,
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Schools

THE pronoun "it" is one of the most troublesome words in the English language. When used without due care it can produce some remarkable results, as in the following sentence:

"If the child does not thrive on uncooked milk, it should be boiled."

Few mothers would care to subject their children to such drastic treatment. In this particular instance, about the only way for the writer to express his meaning clearly is to avoid the use of "it" altogether and make his sentence read, "If the child does not thrive on uncooked milk, the milk should be boiled."

One is angry at a thing, but with a person. Say "He is angry with him," not "He is angry at him."

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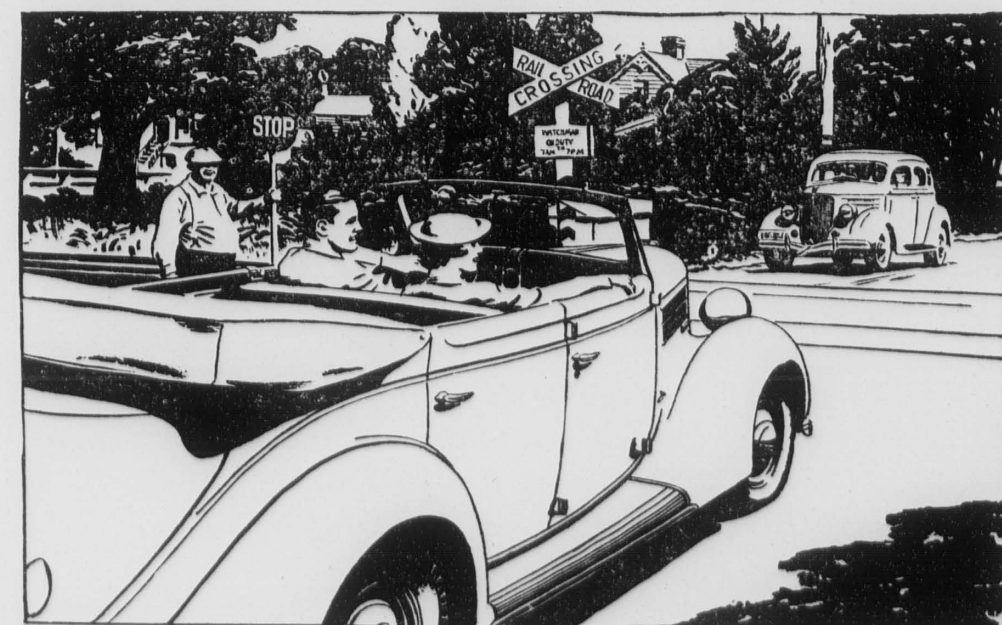
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